



Probation and Parole in the United States, 2021

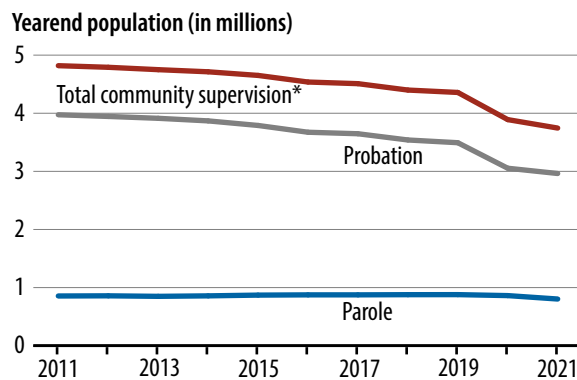
Danielle Kaeble, *BJS Statistician*

An estimated 3,745,000 adults were under community supervision at yearend 2021, a 3.5% decline from the 3,881,600 who were supervised in the community on January 1, 2021 (**figure 1**).¹ This decline is attributed to both a reduction in the number of persons on probation, who made up 79% of the community supervision population, and the number on parole. During 2021, the number of persons on probation decreased from 3,032,400 to 2,963,000 (down 2.3%). The number of persons on parole fell from 864,200 to 803,200 (down 7.1%) during 2021, the largest annual change in the population in almost 30 years (not shown).

Findings are from the Bureau of Justice Statistics' (BJS) Annual Probation Survey, Annual Parole Survey, and Federal Justice Statistics Program,

¹The community supervision population excludes adults on parole who were also on probation to avoid double counting. See *Methodology*.

FIGURE 1
Adults on probation or parole, 2011–2021



Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Counts are for December 31 of each year. See table 1 for yearend counts from 2011 to 2020 and for January 1 and yearend counts in 2021.

*Details may not sum to totals because the community supervision counts were adjusted to exclude 21,275 adults on parole who were also on probation. See table 9 for counts of adults on parole who were also on probation.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

HIGHLIGHTS

- At yearend 2021, an estimated 3,745,000 adults were under community supervision (probation or parole), down 136,600 from January 1, 2021.
- An estimated 1 in 69 adult U.S. residents were under community supervision at the end of 2021, the lowest rate since 1987.
- During 2021, the probation population decreased in 31 states and the U.S. federal system and increased in 18 states and the District of Columbia.
- The rate of adults on probation at yearend 2021 (1,143 per 100,000 adult U.S. residents) was at its lowest point in 36 years.
- At yearend 2021, 803,200 adults were on parole supervision, a decrease of 7.1% from January 1, 2021 and the largest annual change since 1992.
- The parole population in 2021 was at its lowest point since 2006, when 798,200 persons were supervised on parole.
- During 2021, the parole population fell in 44 states, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. federal system's term of supervised release, while 6 states had an increase in the parole population.
- Among adults on probation whose most serious offense was known, the percentage on supervision for a violent offense rose from 18% in 2011 to 26% in 2021.

which collect data on adults placed on correctional supervision (entries) or removed from supervision (exits) during the reporting year and on characteristics of the population at yearend. These are the only national data collections that cover community corrections in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. federal system.

For this report, an adult is defined as any person subject to the jurisdiction of an adult court or correctional agency. Reporting methods for some probation and parole agencies have changed over time, resulting in changes to previously reported statistics including 2020 and earlier. (See *Methodology*.) Appendix tables 5 through 13 present additional 2021 data on probation and parole.

During 2021, both probation and parole populations declined

From yearend 2011 to yearend 2021, the total adult community supervision population fell 22%, from 4,818,300 to 3,745,000 (table 1). Most of this decrease was due to a decline of 25% (1 million) in the number of adults on probation. The community supervision population has declined each year since 2007 and, at yearend 2021, was at its lowest level since 1994.²

²For 2010 and earlier data, see the Probation and Parole Populations series at https://bjs.ojp.gov/library/publications/list?series_filter=Probation%20and%20Parole%20Populations.

TABLE 1
Adults under community supervision, 2011–2021

| Year | Total* | Probation | Parole |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| 2011 | 4,818,300 | 3,973,800 | 855,500 |
| 2012 | 4,790,700 | 3,944,900 | 858,400 |
| 2013 | 4,749,800 | 3,912,900 | 849,500 |
| 2014 | 4,713,200 | 3,868,400 | 857,700 |
| 2015 | 4,650,900 | 3,789,800 | 870,500 |
| 2016 | 4,537,100 | 3,673,100 | 874,800 |
| 2017 | 4,508,900 | 3,647,200 | 875,000 |
| 2018 | 4,399,000 | 3,540,000 | 878,000 |
| 2019 | 4,357,700 | 3,492,900 | 878,900 |
| 2020 | 3,890,400 | 3,053,700 | 862,100 |
| 2021 | 3,745,000 | 2,963,000 | 803,200 |
| January 1 | 3,881,600 | 3,032,400 | 864,200 |
| December 31 | 3,745,000 | 2,963,000 | 803,200 |
| Percent change | | | |
| 2011–2021 | -22.3% | -25.4% | -6.1% |
| January 1, 2021– December 31, 2021 | -3.5 | -2.3 | -7.1 |

Note: Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Estimates are based on the most recent data and may differ from previously published statistics. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time. See *Methodology*.

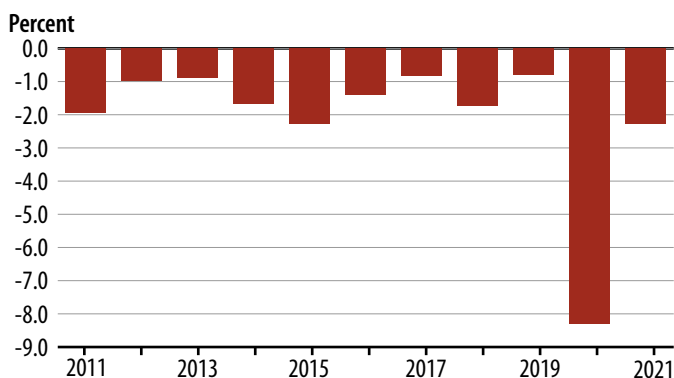
*Details may not sum to totals because community supervision counts were adjusted to exclude adults on parole who were also on probation. See *Methodology*.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

The probation population declined for the fourteenth consecutive year in 2021, falling below 3 million for the first time since 1994. Between 2011 and 2019, the U.S. parole population remained relatively stable, then decreased 8.6% from yearend 2019 to yearend 2021.

The probation population had an annual decrease of 2.3% in 2021, about a quarter of the 8.3% annual decline observed during the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 (figure 2). In 2021, the parole population had its largest recorded annual decrease (down 7.1%) since 1980, when BJS started collecting probation and parole information on a yearly basis (figure 3).

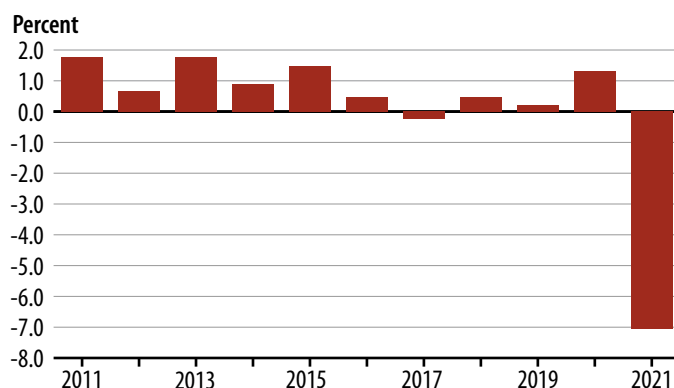
FIGURE 2
Annual percent change of adults on probation, 2011–2021



Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Annual percentage change is based on the difference in population from January 1 to December 31 for each year. See appendix table 1 for estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2011–2021.

FIGURE 3
Annual percent change of adults on parole, 2011–2021



Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Annual percentage change is based on the difference in population from January 1 to December 31 for each year. See appendix table 2 for estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

31 states and the U.S. federal system had a decrease in their probation population in 2021

Probation populations decreased in 31 states and the U.S. federal system during 2021, with a total decline of 108,500 adults under probation supervision (**table 2**). California, Pennsylvania, New York, Washington, and Colorado made up the largest portion of the decline, with a collective decrease of 67,300 adults on probation.

While the probation population in most states declined in 2021, more than a third saw increases. Texas had the largest absolute increase in persons on probation during 2021 (up 10,400), with 18 other states and the District of Columbia also experiencing growth in their probation population. (See appendix table 6.) Jurisdictions with increases during 2021 accounted for 48% of all persons on probation in the United States at yearend 2021.

During 2021, the parole population fell in all but six jurisdictions

From January 1 to December 31, 2021, the parole population decreased in 44 states, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. federal system's term of supervised release (**table 3**).³ These jurisdictions supervised 95% of the total parole population in 2021. During that time, adults under parole supervision in the United States decreased by 61,000. California, Pennsylvania, Texas, New York, and Illinois led this decline. Parole populations grew in six states during 2021, with Mississippi accounting for almost 40% (500 adults) of the total increase. (See appendix table 10.)

³See *Methodology* for details on the Sentencing Reform Act's elimination of parole from federal sentencing.

TABLE 2
Decrease in probation population, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | January 1, 2021 | December 31, 2021 | Change in population | Percent of decrease | Number of jurisdictions |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| U.S. total | 3,032,353 | 2,963,018 | -69,335 | ~ | 52 |
| Jurisdictions with a decrease in persons on probation | 1,649,140 | 1,540,688 | -108,452 | 100% | 32 |
| California | 183,334 | 157,372 | -25,962 | 23.9 | ~ |
| Pennsylvania | 112,440 | 95,732 | -16,708 | 15.4 | ~ |
| New York | 79,295 | 69,361 | -9,934 | 9.2 | ~ |
| Washington | 71,681 | 62,946 | -8,735 | 8.1 | ~ |
| Colorado | 78,330 | 72,412 | -5,918 | 5.5 | ~ |

Note: The five states with the largest decrease in their probation population are shown. See appendix table 6 for estimates for all jurisdictions. Georgia is excluded from this analysis due to changes in reporting.

~Not applicable.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2021.

TABLE 3
Decrease in parole population, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | January 1, 2021 | December 31, 2021 | Change in population | Percent of decrease | Number of jurisdictions |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| U.S. total | 864,229 | 803,222 | -61,007 | ~ | 52 |
| Jurisdictions with a decrease in persons on parole | 825,115 | 762,901 | -62,214 | 100% | 46 |
| California | 119,595 | 109,082 | -10,513 | 16.9 | ~ |
| Pennsylvania | 88,263 | 80,642 | -7,621 | 12.2 | ~ |
| Texas | 110,437 | 104,277 | -6,160 | 9.9 | ~ |
| New York | 43,979 | 39,802 | -4,177 | 6.7 | ~ |
| Illinois | 25,103 | 22,000 | -3,103 | 5.0 | ~ |

Note: The five states with the largest decrease in their parole population are shown. See appendix table 10 for estimates for all jurisdictions.

~Not applicable.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2021.

The rate of adults supervised in the community fell to 1,445 per 100,000 adult U.S. residents in 2021

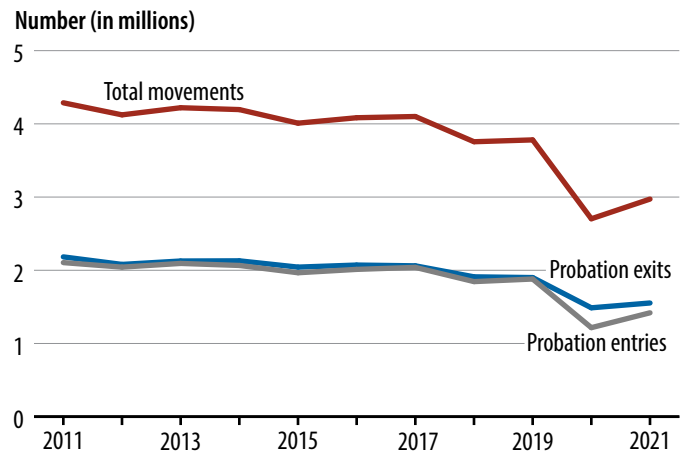
During 2021, 1 in 69 adults in the United States were being supervised in the community (table 4). From 2011 to 2021, the community supervision rate decreased from 2,017 to 1,445 per 100,000 adult U.S. residents. The probation rate was 1,143 per 100,000 adult U.S. residents in 2021, marking the fourteenth consecutive year of decline. The rate of persons on parole fell to 310 per 100,000 adult U.S. residents in 2021, after decreasing every year since 2015.

During 2021, entries to and exits from probation both rose after an almost 30% decrease in total movements from 2019 to 2020

Movements onto (entries) and off of (exits) probation increased 10% from 2020 to 2021 (from 2,703,400 to 2,972,500), after substantially decreasing 28% from 2019 to 2020 (from 3,780,800 to 2,703,400) (figure 4). Entries and exits reflect the administrative caseloads of probation agencies. A person can enter or exit the probation system several times during a year or concurrently serve multiple probation sentences for separate crimes.

Probation entries increased 17%, from an estimated 1,216,100 at yearend 2020 to an estimated 1,419,300 at yearend 2021. Probation exits increased 4%, from an estimated 1,487,300 in 2020 to an estimated 1,553,200 in 2021. Exits in 2021 exceeded entries by 133,900, about half the gap reported in 2020 (271,200).

FIGURE 4
Estimated total probation movements, entries, and exits, 2011–2021



Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Counts are based on movements from January 1 to December 31 for each year. See appendix table 3 for estimates.
Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2011–2021.

TABLE 4
Community supervision rate of U.S. adult residents, 2011–2021

| Year | Per 100,000 adult U.S. residents | | | Adult U.S. residents on— | | |
|------|----------------------------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | Community supervision* | Probation | Parole | Community supervision* | Probation | Parole |
| 2011 | 2,017 | 1,663 | 358 | 1 in 50 | 1 in 60 | 1 in 279 |
| 2012 | 1,984 | 1,634 | 356 | 1 in 50 | 1 in 61 | 1 in 281 |
| 2013 | 1,949 | 1,606 | 349 | 1 in 51 | 1 in 62 | 1 in 287 |
| 2014 | 1,916 | 1,572 | 349 | 1 in 52 | 1 in 64 | 1 in 287 |
| 2015 | 1,873 | 1,527 | 351 | 1 in 53 | 1 in 66 | 1 in 285 |
| 2016 | 1,811 | 1,466 | 349 | 1 in 55 | 1 in 68 | 1 in 287 |
| 2017 | 1,786 | 1,444 | 347 | 1 in 56 | 1 in 69 | 1 in 289 |
| 2018 | 1,729 | 1,391 | 345 | 1 in 58 | 1 in 72 | 1 in 290 |
| 2019 | 1,701 | 1,363 | 343 | 1 in 59 | 1 in 73 | 1 in 291 |
| 2020 | 1,509 | 1,185 | 334 | 1 in 66 | 1 in 84 | 1 in 299 |
| 2021 | 1,445 | 1,143 | 310 | 1 in 69 | 1 in 87 | 1 in 323 |

Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Rates are based on total community supervision, probation, and parole counts as of December 31 of the reporting year and calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of U.S. residents age 18 or older for January 1 of the following year.

*Includes adults on probation or parole. Details may not sum to totals because community supervision counts were adjusted to exclude adults on parole who were also on probation. See *Methodology*.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2012–2022.

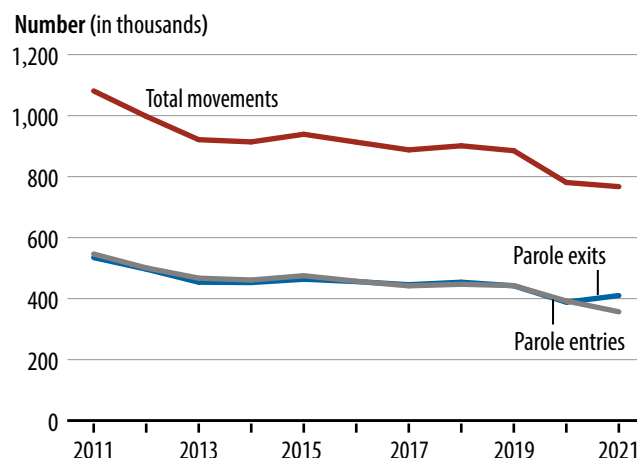
Probation exits include successful completions of supervision; exits to serve a period of incarceration, including to receive treatment; exits due to absconding, detainment, or other unsatisfactory reasons besides incarceration; and exits due to death or other reasons. Successful completion of probation accounted for 60% to 69% of such exits each year from 2011 to 2021 (table 5). A period of incarceration accounted for 14% to 19% of probation exits each year from 2011 to 2021 among adults whose type of exit was known. About 9% of adults on probation with a known exit type exited for an unsatisfactory reason other than incarceration in 2021 (such as absconding or being discharged to a warrant), and 13% exited due to death or other reasons. In 2021, the type of probation exit was unknown or unreported for almost 34% of adults on probation.

Parole entries declined while exits increased from 2020 to 2021

Total movements onto and off of parole decreased from 780,800 in 2020 to 767,200 (down 13,600) in 2021 (figure 5). During that period, the number of adults entering parole decreased from an estimated 392,400 to

357,000 (down 35,400), while the number exiting parole increased from 388,400 to 410,200 (up 21,800). In 2021, the gap between parole entries and exits (53,200) was the largest it had been in more than 20 years.

FIGURE 5
Estimated total parole movements, entries, and exits, 2011–2021



Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Counts are based on movements from January 1 to December 31 for each year. See appendix table 4 for estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

TABLE 5
Exits from probation, by type of exit, 2011–2021

| Year | Percent of total imputed exits | | | | | Percent of known type of exits* | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|--------------|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--|-------------|
| | Completion | Incarcerated | Unsatisfactory exit other than incarceration | Death/other | Unknown/not reported | Completion | Incarcerated | Unsatisfactory exit other than incarceration | Death/other |
| 2011 | 51.3% | 12.3% | 9.4% | 3.7% | 23.2% | 66.8% | 16.1% | 12.3% | 4.8% |
| 2012 | 52.9 | 11.7 | 9.5 | 4.0 | 21.9 | 67.8 | 14.9 | 12.2 | 5.1 |
| 2013 | 50.2 | 11.6 | 10.3 | 3.8 | 24.1 | 66.1 | 15.3 | 13.6 | 5.0 |
| 2014 | 51.7 | 11.5 | 12.7 | 4.3 | 19.7 | 64.5 | 14.3 | 15.8 | 5.4 |
| 2015 | 49.1 | 11.4 | 13.1 | 4.8 | 21.5 | 62.6 | 14.5 | 16.7 | 6.2 |
| 2016 | 46.9 | 11.3 | 15.6 | 4.5 | 21.8 | 59.9 | 14.4 | 20.0 | 5.7 |
| 2017 | 50.0 | 11.4 | 15.6 | 4.4 | 18.7 | 61.4 | 14.0 | 19.2 | 5.4 |
| 2018 | 56.3 | 15.4 | 6.3 | 3.5 | 18.5 | 69.1 | 18.9 | 7.7 | 4.3 |
| 2019 | 50.5 | 11.8 | 7.6 | 3.4 | 26.7 | 68.9 | 16.2 | 10.3 | 4.6 |
| 2020 | 43.4 | 9.4 | 5.1 | 8.1 | 34.1 | 65.8 | 14.2 | 7.7 | 12.3 |
| 2021 | 42.1 | 9.8 | 5.7 | 8.9 | 33.5 | 63.3 | 14.7 | 8.6 | 13.3 |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 7 for state-level counts. Percentages for 2018 through 2021 are not comparable to previously reported data. From 2016 to 2018, California reported incomplete data for probation exits and did not report any details on exits in 2019, 2020, or 2021. Georgia was unable to report data in 2016.

*Excludes unknown and unreported type of exits.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2011–2021.

Among adults with known reasons for exiting parole in 2021, about 65% exited after successfully completing it, down from 69% in 2020 (table 6). About 27% exited in 2021 to serve a period of incarceration (up from 23% in 2020), and about 3% exited in another unsatisfactory way (similar to the percentage in 2020). In 2021, almost a quarter (23%) of exits from parole were for an unknown or unreported reason.

The percentage of adults on probation or parole for a violent offense increased from 2011 to 2021

Among adults on probation whose most serious offense was known, the percentage supervised for a violent offense rose from 18% in 2011 to 26% in 2021. Most of this increase was among adults with a violent offense other than domestic violence or a sex offense. Smaller shares were on probation for DUI/DWI (11%) or a property offense (24%) in 2021 than in 2011 (15% DUI/DWI and 27% property), while similar percentages were on probation for drug offenses (about 25% in each year). The most serious offense was unknown for almost 4 in 10 of all adults on probation in 2011 and 2021.

From 2011 to 2021, the share of adults with a known offense type who were on probation for a felony increased from 53% to 64%. Of all adults on probation in 2021, almost a third had been sentenced for a misdemeanor and 13% had an unknown or unreported offense type.

In 2021, almost two-thirds of adults on probation with a known supervision status were on active probation. Active probation includes persons who are required to regularly contact a probation authority in person, by mail, by telephone, or electronically. Eighteen percent of the remaining adults on probation were considered absconders or had a warrant, while 11% had only financial conditions left to fulfill or were on inactive supervision. Just over a fifth (22%) of all adults on probation had an unknown status of supervision in 2021.

Females made up 24% of the probation population whose sex was reported in 2021, similar to the 25% in 2011 (table 7). Of the 70% of adults on probation in 2021 whose race or ethnicity was known, 54% were white and 30% were black.

TABLE 6
Exits from parole, by type of exit, 2011–2021

| Year | Percent of total imputed exits | | | | | Percent of known type of exits* | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|-------------|
| | Completion | Returned to incarceration | Unsatisfactory exit other than returned to incarceration | Death/other | Unknown/not reported | Completion | Returned to incarceration | Unsatisfactory exit other than returned to incarceration | Death/other |
| 2011 | 50.0% | 30.0% | 10.3% | 3.7% | 6.0% | 53.2% | 32.0% | 10.9% | 3.9% |
| 2012 | 56.7 | 24.5 | 11.8 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 58.5 | 25.2 | 12.2 | 4.1 |
| 2013 | 50.2 | 25.2 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 17.7 | 61.0 | 30.7 | 3.3 | 5.0 |
| 2014 | 53.4 | 24.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 15.9 | 63.5 | 28.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| 2015 | 51.6 | 23.3 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 17.6 | 62.6 | 28.3 | 3.9 | 5.2 |
| 2016 | 53.1 | 25.5 | 2.9 | 5.3 | 13.2 | 61.2 | 29.4 | 3.4 | 6.1 |
| 2017 | 56.2 | 27.0 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 9.5 | 62.1 | 29.9 | 2.9 | 5.1 |
| 2018 | 53.0 | 24.6 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 14.8 | 62.2 | 28.9 | 3.6 | 5.3 |
| 2019 | 53.1 | 24.7 | 2.0 | 4.3 | 15.9 | 63.1 | 29.4 | 2.4 | 5.1 |
| 2020 | 54.4 | 18.4 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 21.1 | 68.9 | 23.3 | 3.0 | 4.8 |
| 2021 | 50.2 | 20.3 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 23.3 | 65.4 | 26.5 | 2.9 | 5.1 |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 11 for detailed type of exits. The 2012 decrease in the incarcerated population is due to the California public safety realignment. See *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2012* (NCJ 243826, BJS, December 2013) for more information. Percentages for 2013 through 2021 exclude exit data from California due to reporting issues.

*Excludes unknown and unreported type of exits.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

TABLE 7
Characteristics of adults on probation, 2011 and 2021

| Characteristic | Percent of total adults on probation | | Percent with known characteristics ^a | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|---|------|
| | 2011 | 2021 | 2011 | 2021 |
| Sex | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Male | 53 | 57 | 75 | 76 |
| Female | 18 | 18 | 25 | 24 |
| Unknown | 29 | 25 | ~ | ~ |
| Race/ethnicity | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| White ^b | 35 | 38 | 54 | 54 |
| Black ^b | 20 | 21 | 31 | 30 |
| Hispanic | 8 | 9 | 13 | 13 |
| Other ^{b,c} | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Unknown | 34 | 30 | ~ | ~ |
| Status of supervision | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Active | 51 | 49 | 72 | 63 |
| Residential/other treatment program | <1 | <1 | 1 | <1 |
| Financial conditions remaining | 1 | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Inactive | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Absconder | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Supervised out of jurisdiction | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Warrant status | 4 | 4 | 6 | 8 |
| Other | 2 | 6 | 2 | 6 |
| Unknown | 29 | 22 | ~ | ~ |
| Type of offense | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Felony | 42 | 56 | 53 | 64 |
| Misdemeanor | 36 | 31 | 45 | 35 |
| Other infraction | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Unknown | 19 | 13 | ~ | ~ |
| Most serious offense | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Violent | 11 | 15 | 18 | 26 |
| Domestic violence | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Sex offense | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Other violent offense | 7 | 10 | 12 | 17 |
| Property | 17 | 15 | 27 | 24 |
| Drug | 15 | 16 | 25 | 26 |
| Public order | 11 | 8 | 17 | 12 |
| DUI/DWI | 9 | 7 | 15 | 11 |
| Other traffic offense | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Other ^d | 7 | 7 | 12 | 12 |
| Unknown ^e | 40 | 38 | ~ | ~ |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Estimates for 2011 may have been revised based on updated reporting and may differ from previously published statistics.

~Not applicable.

^aExcludes unknown and unreported characteristics.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., “white” refers to non-Hispanic white persons and “black” refers to non-Hispanic black persons).

^cIncludes American Indians or Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians or Other Pacific Islanders, and persons of two or more races.

^dIncludes other offenses, such as public intoxication, disorderly conduct, false statement, insufficient funds, and other miscellaneous charges.

^eMany agencies face challenges in reporting detailed characteristics on adults on probation who are supervised for misdemeanor offenses.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2011 and 2021.

Among adults on parole whose most serious offense was known, a larger percentage in 2021 (36%) than in 2011 (28%) had been incarcerated for a violent offense (table 8). Smaller shares were on parole for a drug (30%) or property (19%) offense in 2021 than in 2011 (33% drug and 23% property), while the share on parole for a weapons offense increased from 3% in 2011 to 6% in 2021. The most serious offense was unknown for 22% of all adults on parole at yearend.

Among adults on parole at yearend 2021 with a known supervision status, 82% were on active supervision.

Active parole includes a requirement to contact a parole authority in person, by mail, by telephone, or electronically.

Females made up a similar percentage of adults on parole whose sex was known in 2011 (11%) and 2021 (12%). Among adults on parole in 2021 with a known race or ethnicity, 44% were white, 37% were black, and 16% were Hispanic. In 2021, almost a fifth of all adults on parole did not have a reported race or ethnicity.

TABLE 8
Characteristics of adults on parole, 2011 and 2021

| Characteristic | Percent of total adults on parole | | Percent with known characteristics ^a | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------|---|------|
| | 2011 | 2021 | 2011 | 2021 |
| Sex | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Male | 80 | 82 | 89 | 88 |
| Female | 10 | 11 | 11 | 12 |
| Unknown | 10 | 8 | ~ | ~ |
| Race/ethnicity | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| White ^b | 38 | 39 | 41 | 44 |
| Black ^b | 36 | 28 | 39 | 37 |
| Hispanic | 16 | 13 | 18 | 16 |
| Other ^{b,c} | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Unknown | 8 | 18 | ~ | ~ |
| Status of supervision | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Active | 76 | 64 | 81 | 82 |
| Inactive | 6 | 4 | 6 | 4 |
| Absconder | 6 | 7 | 6 | 7 |
| Supervised out of state | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Financial conditions remaining | <1 | <1 | <1 | 0 |
| Other | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Unknown | 6 | 19 | ~ | ~ |
| Maximum sentence to incarceration | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Less than 1 year | 4 | 5 | 4 | 7 |
| 1 year or more | 75 | 70 | 96 | 93 |
| Unknown | 21 | 25 | ~ | ~ |
| Most serious offense | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Violent | 25 | 29 | 28 | 36 |
| Sex offense | 8 | 9 | 9 | 11 |
| Other violent offense | 17 | 20 | 19 | 25 |
| Property | 20 | 14 | 23 | 19 |
| Drug | 29 | 22 | 33 | 30 |
| Weapons | 3 | 5 | 3 | 6 |
| Other ^d | 11 | 8 | 13 | 10 |
| Unknown | 13 | 22 | ~ | ~ |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Estimates for 2011 may have been revised based on updated reporting and may differ from previously published statistics.

~Not applicable.

^aExcludes unknown and unreported characteristics.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., “white” refers to non-Hispanic white persons and “black” refers to non-Hispanic black persons).

^cIncludes American Indians or Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians or Other Pacific Islanders, and persons of two or more races.

^dIncludes public order offenses.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2011 and 2021.

Methodology

The Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) began the Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey in 1980. The surveys collect data from U.S. probation and parole agencies that supervise adults. These data collections define adults as persons subject to the jurisdiction of an adult court or correctional agency. Juveniles sentenced as adults in a criminal court are considered adults. Juveniles under the jurisdiction of a juvenile court or correctional agency are excluded from these data.

Data collections

Starting in January of each calendar year, the two surveys collect data on the number of adults supervised in the community on both January 1 and December 31 of the previous calendar year, the number of entries to and exits from supervision during the reporting year, and the characteristics of the probation and parole populations at yearend. Both surveys cover the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. federal system. BJS depends on the voluntary participation of state central reporters and separate state, county, and court agencies for these data. Data for the U.S. federal system are provided through BJS's Federal Justice Statistics Program, which obtains community supervision data from the Office of Probation and Pretrial Services, Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts.

2021 Annual Probation Survey

The 2021 Annual Probation Survey was sent to 500 agencies. The 500 agencies included 40 central state agencies and the District of Columbia; 458 separate state, county, or court agencies; and the federal system. States with multiple state agencies included Alabama (3), Colorado (8), Florida (41), Georgia (2), Idaho (45), Kentucky (3), Michigan (129), Missouri (2), Montana (4), New Mexico (2), Ohio (182), Oklahoma (3), Pennsylvania (3), Tennessee (3), and Washington (32). Pennsylvania and Georgia are both included as central state agencies, but each provides data from two departments within the state government.

Of the 500 agencies in the population frame, 120 did not provide data or provided incomplete data for the 2021 data collection. These included 2 in Colorado, 7 in Florida, 16 in Idaho, 1 in Kentucky, 33 in Michigan, 1 in Missouri, 1 in New Mexico, 1 in Nevada, 48 in Ohio, 1 in Vermont, and 9 in Washington. In addition, four agencies reported that they no longer supervise probationers, making them ineligible for the survey: three in Idaho and one in Pennsylvania.

About three-quarters (76%) of the 496 eligible agencies responded to all four key items asking about the population at the beginning or end of the year and the number of probation entries and exits. The remaining 24% did not respond to at least one of the four key items, including the 74 agencies that provided no data and 46 agencies that provided incomplete data. Of the 46 agencies that provided incomplete data, 2 were in Florida, 7 in Idaho, 10 in Michigan, 1 in Nevada, 22 in Ohio, 1 in Vermont, and 3 in Washington.

2021 Annual Parole Survey

The 2021 Annual Parole Survey was sent to 57 agencies: 53 central state reporters; the federal system; the District of Columbia; and 2 separate state, county, or court agencies. In this report, federal parole includes a term of supervised release from prison, mandatory release, parole, military parole, or special parole. A federal judge orders a term of supervised release at the time of sentencing, which is served after release from a federal prison sentence. In the case of Alaska, persons on probation or parole are supervised under a common program, and the data provider is unable to report probation and parole counts separately. Combined counts of persons on probation or parole were reported to BJS through the probation questionnaire. January 1 and December 31 counts were imputed for Alaska, and these figures were deducted from the combined reported totals for the calculation of the state's January 1 and December 31 counts of persons on probation. Of these agencies, three were determined to be ineligible, including one in Alaska, one in Maine, and one in Pennsylvania.

Of the 54 eligible agencies surveyed for 2021, all agencies provided the population count for the beginning or end of the year or the number of parole exits or entries, and 96% responded to all of these key items. Vermont and one of the reporting agencies for California did not provide complete data on the four key survey items, and Alaska's data were estimated using the combined community supervision data provided.

Persons under community supervision in the federal system

Since the enactment of the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984 on November 1, 1987, offenders sentenced to federal prison are no longer eligible for parole but are required to serve a term of supervised release following release from prison. Those sentenced to prison prior to November 1, 1987 continue to be eligible for parole, as do persons violating laws of the District of

Columbia, military offenders, and offenders transferred under foreign treaties. (See <https://www.uscourts.gov/services-forms/overview-probation-supervised-release-conditions>.)

In 2008, the Annual Parole Survey added a new type of entry-to-parole category (term of supervised release) to better classify the large majority of entries to parole reported by the federal system. This entry is a period of release to the community that follows a period of incarceration based on a determinate sentencing statute. Both periods are determined by a judge at the time of sentencing. For details about estimation methods used to analyze national trends for all types of entry to parole, see *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2010* (NCJ 236019, BJS, November 2011).

The Sentencing Reform Act also required the adoption and use of sentencing guidelines, which took effect on the same day as enactment. Many offenses for which probation had been the typical sentence prior to this date, particularly property and regulatory offenses, subsequently resulted in sentences to prison. Changes in how persons released from federal prisons are supervised in the community were first described in the BJS report *Federal Offenders under Community Supervision, 1987–96* (NCJ 168636, BJS, August 1998) and were updated in *Federal Criminal Case Processing, 2002: With Trends 1982–2002, Reconciled Data* (NCJ 207447, BJS, January 2005).

Adjustment and changes in parole and population counts

Dual community supervision status

Some persons on probation or parole may have dual community supervision statuses because they were serving separate probation and parole sentences at the same time. Beginning with 2007 data, BJS began collecting information on the number of persons on parole who were also on probation at yearend. To avoid double counting, the total community supervision population reported in figure 1, table 1, and appendix table 5 has been adjusted based on available information by excluding the total number of persons on parole who were also on probation. As a result, the probation and parole counts do not sum to the community supervision population. All counts for persons on parole with dual community supervision statuses reflect data reported by parole agencies that could provide the information for the reporting year (table 9). In 2021, agencies in 24

jurisdictions provided such data. The total number of persons on parole who were also on probation may be underestimated due to nonresponding agencies.

Changes in reported probation and parole populations

In each collection year, respondents are asked to provide both the January 1 and December 31 population counts for the previous year. Therefore, while the December 31, 2020 count was collected in 2021, the January 1, 2021 count was not collected until 2022. At times, the January 1 count from a given year may differ from the December 31 count of the prior year, given the normal daily flow of entries and exits. Additionally, the difference reported may have resulted from administrative changes, such as—

- implementing new information systems, leading to data review and cleanup
- reconciling records of persons on probation
- reclassifying offenders, including those shifting correctional authorities and those with dual community supervision statuses
- including certain probation populations not previously reported (e.g., persons supervised for DUI or DWI, some persons on probation who had absconded, and some on an inactive status).

TABLE 9
Adults supervised on both parole and probation excluded from the January 1 and December 31 community supervision population, 2011–2021

| Year | January 1* | December 31 |
|------|------------|-------------|
| 2011 | 8,259 | 10,958 |
| 2012 | 10,958 | 12,672 |
| 2013 | 12,672 | 12,511 |
| 2014 | 12,511 | 12,919 |
| 2015 | 12,919 | 9,375 |
| 2016 | 9,375 | 10,822 |
| 2017 | 10,822 | 13,302 |
| 2018 | 13,302 | 18,878 |
| 2019 | 18,878 | 14,057 |
| 2020 | 14,057 | 25,400 |
| 2021 | 25,400 | 21,275 |

Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. The community supervision counts were adjusted to exclude adults on parole who were also on probation.

*Data are based on the December 31 count of the prior reporting year. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

The difference between the probation counts for December 31, 2020 and January 1, 2021 resulted in a decrease of 21,390 persons on probation (**table 10**). The difference between the parole population counts for December 31, 2020 and January 1, 2021 resulted in an increase of 2,120 persons on parole. See *Probation: Explanatory notes for 2021* and *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2021* for states contributing to the largest differences.

Adjustment and changes in parole and population counts

In theory, the change in probation and parole populations from the beginning to the end of the year should equal the difference between entries and exits during the year. In practice, those numbers may not be equal. Some probation and parole information systems track the number of cases that enter and exit community supervision, not the number of persons, while the January 1 and yearend populations represent persons. Some persons are being supervised for more than one charge or case simultaneously. Additionally, all data on entries and exits may not have been logged into the respondents' information systems, or the information systems may not have fully processed all data before submission to BJS.

As a result, the January 1, 2020 probation population plus entries, minus exits, is 64,570 fewer persons than the published December 31 population at the national level. For persons on parole, the calculated total is 7,810 fewer

persons than the published December 31 population. Respondents report all entries and exits from January 1 to December 31 each year.

As discussed, jurisdiction counts reported for January 1 may differ from December 31 counts reported in the previous year. As a result, the direction of change based on yearend data could be in the opposite direction of the within-year change.

In all figures and tables in this report, change was calculated as the difference from January 1 to December 31 within the reporting year. This differs from previous years' reports. This change was due to the large discrepancy from December 31, 2019 to January 1, 2020, as well as an additional discrepancy from December 31, 2015 to January 1, 2016. In both years, the discrepancies were caused by reporting changes in multiple states. Annual change in reports prior to 2013 was also calculated as the difference between the January 1 and December 31 populations within the reporting year. See *Probation: Explanatory notes for 2021* and *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2021* for states with changes to reporting during 2021.

Imputing for nonreporting agencies during 2021

BJS used the following methods to impute missing probation and parole data for key items, including the January 1 population, entries, and exits and the December 31 population. The variation in the number and size of reporting agencies per state requires different imputation methods. Depending on the availability of reported data and the number of reporting agencies in each state, one of the following methods was applied. For detailed calculations, see *Imputation variables and formulas*.

Imputing the January 1, 2021 probation population

When the January 1, 2021 probation population was missing, the December 31 probation population from the last reported year going back to 2017 was carried forward. This method was used to estimate the January 1, 2021 probation population in 88 nonreporting counties and district agencies in Colorado, Florida, Kentucky, Michigan, Missouri, New Mexico, Ohio, and Washington. The January 1, 2021 population was imputed for 2.1% of the total probation population.

TABLE 10
One-day difference based on reporting changes for probation and parole, 2011–2021

| Year | Probation population difference from December 31 to January 1 of the following year | Parole population difference from December 31 to January 1 of the following year |
|------|---|--|
| 2011 | 9,770 | -2,830 |
| 2012 | 2,960 | -23,640 |
| 2013 | 20,980 | 540 |
| 2014 | 9,750 | 170 |
| 2015 | -64,150 | 130 |
| 2016 | 5,030 | 2,200 |
| 2017 | -45,010 | -1,240 |
| 2018 | -18,950 | -1,040 |
| 2019 | -162,650 | -27,890 |
| 2020 | -21,390 | 2,120 |

Note: Counts are calculated as the difference between December 31 of the year displayed and January 1 of the following year. Counts are rounded to the nearest 10.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

Imputing the December 31, 2021 probation population

When counts were missing for the December 31, 2021 probation population, total entries, or total exits, the missing values were imputed by assuming no intrayear growth and setting the missing value to the January 1, 2021 population size. This method was used to estimate the December 31, 2021 probation population in 102 nonreporting counties and district agencies in Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Kentucky, Michigan, Missouri, New Mexico, Nevada, Ohio, Tennessee, and Washington. The December 31, 2021 population was imputed for 2.6% of the total probation population.

Imputing probation entries

Based on the availability of data, BJS used four methods of ratio estimation to impute probation entries for agencies not reporting these data. Total entries to probation in 2021 were imputed for 12.7% of the entry population.

The first method was used for agencies that reported all four key items in at least one year since 2017 and for which the January 1 and December 31, 2021 populations were equal (likely due to the imputation of one or both of those variables). The entries and exits in the most recent of those years were divided by the beginning and yearend populations from the same year (stock overflow), and the resulting ratio was multiplied by the January 1, 2021 population. When this method was used, entries and exits were imputed with the same value. This method was used to estimate probation entries in 76 nonreporting counties and district agencies in Colorado, Florida, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee, and Washington.

The second method was used to estimate 2021 probation entries for agencies that did not report all four core variables in any single year since 2017 or had different beginning and yearend populations. The ratio of 2020 entries to the January 1, 2020 population was multiplied by the January 1, 2021 population to derive the 2021 entries. This method was used to estimate probation entries and exits for 15 nonreporting counties and district agencies in Florida, Idaho, Michigan, and Ohio.

The third method estimated 2021 entries in agencies with small populations. This method summed 2021 entries and January 1, 2021 populations for similar-size agencies within the same state. The ratio of summed entries to summed populations was multiplied by the January 1, 2021 population to approximate 2021 entries for the agency with a missing value for entries. To ensure the stability of the ratio estimator, this method was employed

only in states with at least 30 reporting units and was used for 19 agencies in Florida, Michigan, and Ohio.

The fourth method used to estimate probation entries took the ratio of 2020 imputed entries to the January 1, 2020 probation population and applied that ratio to the agency's January 1, 2021 population. This method was used to estimate probation entries and exits for nine nonreporting agencies in Idaho, Kentucky, New Mexico, Rhode Island, Vermont, Washington, and Wisconsin.

Imputing the January 1, 2021 parole population

When the January 1, 2021 parole population was missing, the December 31 probation population from the prior year was carried forward. This method was used to estimate the January 1, 2021 parole population for Maine. This represented 0.1% of the total parole population.

Imputing the December 31, 2021 parole population

When counts were missing for the December 31, 2021 parole population, total entries, or total exits, the missing values were imputed by adding to (or subtracting from) the January 1, 2021 parole population to estimate population change based on what was observed in 2020. The intrayear change in population from January 1 to December 31, 2020—expressed as a proportion of the January 1, 2020 total—was multiplied by the January 1, 2021 total to estimate the 2021 population change. This method was used to estimate the December 31, 2021 parole population for Maine. This represented 0.1% of the total parole population.

Imputing parole entries

To estimate parole entries for agencies that were unable to report these data in 2021 but were able to report in 2020, BJS calculated the ratio of entries in 2020 to the agency's parole population on January 1, 2020 and applied that ratio to the agency's January 1, 2021 population. This method was used to estimate parole entries in California, Maine, and Vermont. Total entries in 2021 were imputed for 7.5% of the entering parole population.

Imputing probation and parole exits

A single method was used to estimate exits from probation that were not imputed with the first method noted above and for all parole agencies. For both probation and parole, BJS added each agency's estimated entries in 2021 to that agency's population on January 1, 2021 and subtracted that estimate from the population

on December 31, 2021. For probation, this method was used for 196 nonreporting agencies in Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Mississippi, Montana, New Mexico, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin,

and Wyoming. For parole, this method was used in California, Maine, and Vermont. Total exits in 2021 were imputed for 4.9% of the exiting probation population and 9.2% of the exiting nonfederal parole population.

Imputation variables and formulas

2021 reference year (RY) key variables

| Question number | Variable label | Probation variable | Parole variable |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | January 1, 2021 population | Q1b | Q1b |
| 2 | Total entries | Q2/Q2e | Q2g |
| 3 | Total exits | Q3/Q3i | Q3h |
| 4 | December 31, 2021 population | Q4 | Q4 |

Imputation formulas

| Probation | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|--|--|
| Variable | Variable label | Imputation method | Formula |
| Q1b | Jan 1, RY Population | Carry forward end-year population from previous year going back max 5 years | $Q1b_{RY} = Q4_{PY}$ |
| | | Carry forward end-year population of previous year going back max 5 years AND current end-year population imputed as carry forward value | $Q1b_{RY} = Q4_{RY} = Q4_{PY}$ |
| Q2e | Total Entries | Flow stock ratio applied to beginning-year population, if beginning = end-year population and 1 of previous 5 years contains reported values for all four core variables | $Q2e_{RY} = Q3i_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} \left(\frac{flow}{stock} \right)$ <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Where</i></p> $flow = \frac{Q2e_{RY} + Q3i_{RY}}{2}$ <p style="text-align: center;"><i>And</i></p> $stock = \frac{Q1b_{RY} + Q4_{RY}}{2}$ |
| | | Ratio previous year entries/beginning-year population applied to beginning year-population | $Q2e_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} \left(\frac{Q2e_{PY}}{Q1b_{PY}} \right)$ |

Continued on next page

Imputation variables and formulas (continued)

| | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | Pooled ratio of entries/beginning-year populations for agencies of similar size and within state for current year applied to beginning-year population | $Q2e_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} * R_{jk}$ <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Where</i></p> $R_{jk} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Q2e_{ijk}}{\sum_{i=1}^n Q1b_{ijk}}$ <p>for <i>i</i> agency in <i>j</i> category of similar sized agencies within state <i>k</i> for current year</p> |
| | | Not enough respondents for pooled ratio; flow stock ratio method used | See flow stock ratio method above |
| Q3i | Total Exits | Flow stock ratio applied to beginning-year population, if beginning = end-year population and 1 of previous 5 years contains reported values for four core variables | See Q2e flow stock ratio method above |
| | | Ratio previous year exits/beginning-year population applied to beginning-year population | $Q3i_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} \left(\frac{Q3i_{PY}}{Q1b_{PY}} \right)$ |
| | | Entries imputed; balancing relationship applied to get exits | $Q3i_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} + Q2e_{PY} - Q4_{PY}$ |
| Q4 | Dec 31, RY Population | Beginning-year = end-year population also missing either entries or exits | $Q4_{RY} = Q1b_{RY}$ |

Note: RY = reference year; PY = previous year.

| Parole | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Variable | Variable label | Imputation method | Formula |
| Q1b | Jan 1, RY Population | Carry forward end-year population of previous year going back max 5 years AND current end-year population imputed as carry forward value | $Q1b_{RY} = Q4_{RY} = Q4_{PY}$ |
| Q2g | Total Entries | Ratio previous year entries/beginning-year population applied to beginning-year population; entries and exits missing | $Q2g_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} \left(\frac{Q2g_{PY}}{Q1b_{PY}} \right)$ |
| Q3h | Total Exits | Entries imputed; balancing relationship applied to get exits | $Q3h_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} + Q2g_{PY} - Q4_{PY}$ |
| Q4 | Dec 31, RY Population | Net difference ratio estimate based on previous year applied to beginning-year population | $Q4_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} + Q1b_{RY} \left(\frac{Q4_{PY} - Q1b_{PY}}{Q1b_{PY}} \right)$ |

Probation: Explanatory notes for 2021

Probation agencies vary in their ability to provide counts each year consistent with Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) definitions. Some agencies report the number of cases, while others report the number of persons they supervise. Because a person can have multiple probation sentences, counting cases can artificially inflate probation totals. BJS requests that agencies report the number of persons under supervision, and each year some agencies make the conversion, resulting in what appears to be a large decrease from previous years' data. BJS documents these and other reporting anomalies below.

Alaska—Alaska supervises probation and parole in a combined program. The state agency was unable to report probation and parole data separately, so both populations were reported in the probation survey. The January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 probation population counts were derived based on the difference between the reported probation and imputed parole count (imputed using the December 31, 2020 parole population count).*

Colorado—Nonreporting agencies in 2021—two local agencies did not report data. The December 31, 2020 population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 populations.

Florida—Nonreporting agencies in 2021—seven local agencies did not report data. The December 31, 2020 population count was used to estimate January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 counts for these agencies. Four other agencies did not report the number of entries and exits.*

Georgia—Reporting changes in 2021—Georgia has two reporters from the same agency, the Georgia Department of Community Supervision (DCS). One reporter provides counts based on individual-level information from Georgia state employees (probation officers) and represents 45% of Georgia's total probation population. The other reporter provides counts based on summary counts submitted by independent local probation agencies to the DCS and represents 55% of Georgia's total probation population. One agency reported populations by the number of cases but was able to estimate the number of individuals for 2021. For this report, estimates for individuals were used for the January 1 and December 31, 2021 populations.

Idaho—Nonreporting agencies in and reporting changes in 2021—nine local agencies did not report data. The December 31, 2020 population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 populations.

Kansas—Reporting changes from 2020 to 2021—for the state reporting agency, 2021 was a transitional time in which it operated with few staff until later in the year. The probation numbers in the system represented estimates because there were old (inactive) cases and duplicated information had yet to be closed out or updated.

Kentucky—Nonreporting agencies in 2021—one local agency did not report data. The December 31, 2020 population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 populations.*

Michigan—Nonreporting agencies in 2021—Michigan has 129 agencies: 1 state agency, representing 46% of Michigan's total probation population; 105 reporting local agencies; and 23 nonreporting local agencies. For the 23 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2020 population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 populations, where available. Other agencies did not report the number of entries to or exits from probation.*

Missouri—Nonreporting agency in 2021—Missouri has 2 agencies: 1 state agency, representing more than 99% of Missouri's total probation population, and 1 nonreporting local agency. For the nonreporting agency, December 31, 2020 population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 populations.*

Nevada—Nonreporting agencies in 2021—the state agency did not report data on entries to or exits from probation.*

New Jersey—Reporting changes in 2021—the state agency started reporting on the number of cases in 2021, not individuals as was previously reported. For this report, January 1 and December 31, 2021 population counts used estimates of number of individuals as provided by the agency.

Ohio—Nonreporting agencies in 2021—Ohio has 182 agencies: 1 state agency, representing 3% of the state's total probation population, 151 reporting local agencies, and 30 nonreporting local agencies. For the 30 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2020 population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2021 and

December 31, 2021 populations. Many agencies reported switching their case management systems in 2021, resulting in changes to reporting. The updated system provides better estimates on the number of individuals on probation.*

Washington—Nonreporting agencies in 2021— Washington has 32 agencies: 1 state agency, representing 21% of the state’s total probation population, 25 reporting local agencies, and 6 nonreporting local agencies. For the 6 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2020 population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 populations.

*See *Imputing for nonreporting agencies during 2021*.

Parole: Explanatory notes for 2021

Each year, changes in legislation or offender management systems require states to alter previously submitted data or the data they can currently submit. The Bureau of Justice Statistics documents these changes as reported by the respondents.

Alaska—Alaska supervises probation and parole in a combined program. The state agency was unable to report probation and parole data separately, so both populations were reported in the probation survey. The January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 parole population counts were imputed based on the December 31, 2020 parole population count.*

California—Nonreporting agency in 2021—all totals were pulled from publicly available reports on the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation website (<https://www.cdcr.ca.gov/research/population-reports-2/>); however, updated population counts for post-release community supervision and mandatory supervision were not available, and populations were estimated based on 2020 data.

Nebraska—Reporting changes in 2021—changes in data reporting for this year include more details on physical locations of persons related to placement in jails or prisons both within and outside of Nebraska. The population change was due to a declining number of persons eligible for parole. During the last several years, the state has implemented mandatory post-release supervision (under the jurisdiction of the Office of Probation Administration within Nebraska) for felony 3- and felony 4-level offenses, which has been tied to the elimination of parole eligibility for persons convicted of these offenses.

Wisconsin—Reporting changes in 2021—detailed data for entries to and exits from parole were new for 2021 and may fluctuate more widely than normal in the next year as reporting procedures change.

*See *Imputing for nonreporting agencies during 2021*.

APPENDIX TABLE 1**Estimates for figure 2: Annual percent change of adults on probation, 2011–2021**

| Year | Annual percent change |
|------|-----------------------|
| 2011 | -2.0% |
| 2012 | -1.0 |
| 2013 | -0.9 |
| 2014 | -1.7 |
| 2015 | -2.3 |
| 2016 | -1.4 |
| 2017 | -0.8 |
| 2018 | -1.7 |
| 2019 | -0.8 |
| 2020 | -8.3 |
| 2021 | -2.3 |

Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Annual percentage change is based on the difference in population from January 1 to December 31 for each year.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2011–2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 2**Estimates for figure 3: Annual percent change of adults on parole, 2011–2021**

| Year | Annual percent change |
|------|-----------------------|
| 2011 | 1.8% |
| 2012 | 0.7 |
| 2013 | 1.8 |
| 2014 | 0.9 |
| 2015 | 1.5 |
| 2016 | 0.5 |
| 2017 | -0.2 |
| 2018 | 0.5 |
| 2019 | 0.2 |
| 2020 | 1.3 |
| 2021 | -7.1 |

Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Annual percentage change is based on the difference in population from January 1 to December 31 for each year.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 3**Estimates for figure 4: Estimated total probation movements, entries, and exits, 2011–2021**

| Year | Total movements | Probation entries | Probation exits |
|------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 2011 | 4,287,600 | 2,104,800 | 2,182,800 |
| 2012 | 4,122,900 | 2,042,900 | 2,080,000 |
| 2013 | 4,220,200 | 2,093,600 | 2,126,600 |
| 2014 | 4,194,900 | 2,065,800 | 2,129,100 |
| 2015 | 4,009,300 | 1,966,100 | 2,043,200 |
| 2016 | 4,083,600 | 2,012,200 | 2,071,400 |
| 2017 | 4,100,300 | 2,039,500 | 2,060,800 |
| 2018 | 3,755,700 | 1,845,200 | 1,910,500 |
| 2019 | 3,780,800 | 1,880,300 | 1,900,500 |
| 2020 | 2,703,400 | 1,216,100 | 1,487,300 |
| 2021 | 2,972,500 | 1,419,300 | 1,553,200 |

Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Counts are based on movements from January 1 to December 31 for each year.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2011–2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 4**Estimates for figure 5: Estimated total parole movements, entries, and exits, 2011–2021**

| Year | Total movements | Parole entries | Parole exits |
|------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 2011 | 1,080,900 | 546,300 | 534,600 |
| 2012 | 997,700 | 500,900 | 496,800 |
| 2013 | 921,100 | 467,200 | 453,900 |
| 2014 | 913,900 | 461,100 | 452,800 |
| 2015 | 938,900 | 475,200 | 463,700 |
| 2016 | 913,100 | 457,100 | 456,000 |
| 2017 | 887,700 | 442,000 | 445,700 |
| 2018 | 901,100 | 447,200 | 453,900 |
| 2019 | 885,000 | 442,800 | 442,200 |
| 2020 | 780,800 | 392,400 | 388,400 |
| 2021 | 767,200 | 357,000 | 410,200 |

Note: Counts for 2020 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Counts are based on movements from January 1 to December 31 for each year.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 5
Adults under community supervision, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Community supervision population, January 1, 2021 ^a | Entries | | Exits | | Community supervision population, December 31, 2021 ^a | Change, January 1, 2021–December 31, 2021 | | Number under community supervision per 100,000 adult U.S. residents, December 31, 2021 ^c |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|--|---|---------|---|
| | | Reported | Imputed ^b | Reported | Imputed ^b | | Number | Percent | |
| U.S. total | 3,881,600 | 1,694,200 | 1,776,300 | 1,873,900 | 1,963,400 | 3,745,000 | -136,600 | -3.5% | 1,445 |
| Federal | 120,400 | 49,900 | 49,900 | 55,300 | 55,300 | 116,700 | -3,700 | -3.1% | 45 |
| State | 3,761,200 | 1,644,300 | 1,726,400 | 1,818,600 | 1,908,100 | 3,628,300 | -132,900 | -3.5% | 1,400 |
| Alabama | 49,600 | 19,200 | 19,200 | 19,100 | 19,100 | 50,400 | 700 | 1.5 | 1,280 |
| Alaska | 3,400 | 3,800 | 4,200 | 3,700 | 4,200 | 3,400 | 0 | <0.5 | 618 |
| Arizona | 79,800 | 26,600 | 26,600 | 29,800 | 29,800 | 76,600 | -3,200 | -4.1 | 1,338 |
| Arkansas | 65,600 | 20,700 | 20,700 | 20,600 | 20,600 | 64,500 | -1,100 | -1.7 | 2,764 |
| California | 302,900 | 104,600 | 130,700 | 125,900 | 162,500 | 266,500 | -36,500 | -12.0 | 875 |
| Colorado | 90,600 | 47,000 | 47,300 | 54,400 | 54,700 | 83,000 | -7,700 | -8.5 | 1,805 |
| Connecticut | 35,200 | 16,600 | 16,600 | 19,300 | 19,300 | 32,500 | -2,700 | -7.6 | 1,127 |
| Delaware | 10,400 | 5,600 | 5,600 | 6,200 | 6,200 | 9,900 | -500 | -5.1 | 1,231 |
| District of Columbia | 6,000 | 3,100 | 3,100 | 3,300 | 3,300 | 5,700 | -300 | -5.2 | 1,067 |
| Florida | 179,000 | 121,100 | 122,500 | 111,800 | 113,000 | 186,500 | 7,600 | 4.2 | 1,058 |
| Georgia ^d | 360,010 | 130,478 | 130,478 | 184,943 | 184,943 | 361,563 | 1,553 | 6.8 | 4,322 |
| Hawaii | 18,700 | 5,600 | 5,600 | 4,700 | 4,700 | 19,100 | 400 | 2.2 | 1,685 |
| Idaho | 33,600 | 12,700 | 13,700 | 12,700 | 13,600 | 33,700 | 100 | 0.4 | 2,312 |
| Illinois | 112,700 | 81,300 | 81,300 | 84,900 | 84,900 | 109,100 | -3,600 | -3.2 | 1,107 |
| Indiana | 104,000 | 82,700 | 82,700 | 83,000 | 83,000 | 104,000 | 0 | <0.5 | 1,984 |
| Iowa | 31,200 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 14,600 | 14,600 | 31,200 | 0 | <0.5 | 1,265 |
| Kansas | 19,100 | 18,500 | 18,500 | 16,800 | 16,800 | 19,100 | -100 | -0.4 | 852 |
| Kentucky | 68,600 | 23,700 | 28,600 | 25,500 | 30,400 | 68,200 | -400 | -0.6 | 1,945 |
| Louisiana | 49,000 | 22,700 | 22,700 | 26,300 | 26,300 | 44,000 | -5,000 | -10.1 | 1,243 |
| Maine | 6,000 | 1,900 | 1,900 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 5,300 | -700 | -10.9 | 472 |
| Maryland | 66,000 | 27,500 | 27,500 | 29,500 | 29,500 | 64,000 | -2,000 | -3.1 | 1,331 |
| Massachusetts | 35,800 | 38,400 | 38,400 | 34,400 | 34,400 | 39,800 | 4,000 | 11.2 | 708 |
| Michigan | 132,400 | 57,000 | 72,700 | 63,200 | 78,200 | 125,200 | -7,100 | -5.4 | 1,583 |
| Minnesota | 92,800 | 43,200 | 43,200 | 44,900 | 44,900 | 91,100 | -1,700 | -1.8 | 2,070 |
| Mississippi | 39,500 | 12,900 | 12,900 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 40,400 | 900 | 2.2 | 1,788 |
| Missouri | 59,300 | 32,500 | 32,500 | 36,000 | 36,000 | 55,800 | -3,400 | -5.8 | 1,163 |
| Montana | 11,200 | 4,500 | 4,500 | 4,800 | 4,800 | 10,900 | -300 | -2.7 | 1,240 |
| Nebraska | 12,600 | 12,600 | 12,600 | 10,800 | 10,800 | 12,700 | 100 | 0.6 | 854 |
| Nevada | 14,200 | 3,400 | 7,700 | 8,100 | 8,100 | 13,800 | -400 | -2.9 | 560 |
| New Hampshire | 5,400 | 1,800 | 1,800 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 5,700 | 200 | 4.5 | 496 |
| New Jersey ^d | 127,974 | 23,953 | 23,953 | 31,637 | 31,637 | 137,797 | 9,823 | 7.1 | 1,898 |
| New Mexico | 13,200 | 6,200 | 6,200 | 7,200 | 7,200 | 12,000 | -1,200 | -8.9 | 728 |

Continued on next page

APPENDIX TABLE 5 (continued)

Adults under community supervision, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Community supervision population, January 1, 2021 ^a | Entries | | Exits | | Community supervision population, December 31, 2021 ^a | Change, January 1, 2021–December 31, 2021 | | Number under community supervision per 100,000 adult U.S. residents, December 31, 2021 ^c |
|----------------|--|----------|------------------------|----------|------------------------|--|---|---------|---|
| | | Reported | Estimated ^b | Reported | Estimated ^b | | Number | Percent | |
| New York | 123,300 | 25,100 | 25,100 | 39,200 | 39,200 | 109,200 | -14,100 | -11.4 | 698 |
| North Carolina | 74,300 | 43,500 | 43,500 | 53,800 | 53,800 | 70,000 | -4,300 | -5.8 | 842 |
| North Dakota | 6,600 | 4,600 | 4,600 | 4,500 | 4,500 | 6,700 | 100 | 1.4 | 1,131 |
| Ohio | 222,900 | 102,700 | 116,800 | 105,800 | 119,100 | 217,800 | -5,000 | -2.3 | 2,369 |
| Oklahoma | 25,300 | 5,100 | 5,100 | 11,300 | 11,300 | 19,100 | -6,200 | -24.5 | 627 |
| Oregon | 54,800 | 23,200 | 23,200 | 17,000 | 17,000 | 52,300 | -2,500 | -4.5 | 1,541 |
| Pennsylvania | 200,700 | 78,800 | 78,800 | 103,100 | 103,100 | 176,400 | -24,300 | -12.1 | 1,711 |
| Rhode Island | 18,700 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 3,900 | 3,900 | 18,800 | 200 | 0.9 | 2,118 |
| South Carolina | 30,500 | 12,800 | 12,800 | 14,600 | 14,600 | 28,600 | -1,900 | -6.2 | 696 |
| South Dakota | 9,500 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,200 | 5,200 | 9,300 | -200 | -2.4 | 1,367 |
| Tennessee | 70,200 | 18,400 | 18,400 | 19,900 | 19,900 | 68,700 | -1,500 | -2.1 | 1,257 |
| Texas | 441,800 | 208,600 | 208,600 | 204,400 | 204,400 | 446,000 | 4,200 | 1.0 | 2,005 |
| Utah | 14,600 | 7,800 | 7,800 | 8,200 | 8,200 | 14,200 | -400 | -3.0 | 585 |
| Vermont | 3,900 | .. | 2,200 | .. | 2,600 | 3,500 | -400 | -10.4 | 661 |
| Virginia | 66,300 | 25,400 | 25,400 | 28,300 | 28,300 | 63,400 | -2,900 | -4.4 | 935 |
| Washington | 75,500 | 22,100 | 33,900 | 29,500 | 43,700 | 64,100 | -11,300 | -15.0 | 1,053 |
| West Virginia | 9,900 | 7,800 | 7,800 | 8,300 | 8,300 | 9,400 | -500 | -5.1 | 661 |
| Wisconsin | 61,600 | 20,100 | 20,100 | 24,400 | 24,400 | 61,400 | -200 | -0.3 | 1,324 |
| Wyoming | 6,300 | 2,700 | 2,700 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 5,900 | -300 | -5.5 | 1,321 |

Note: Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Due to nonresponse or incomplete data, the community supervision population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2021 does not equal the population on January 1, 2021 plus entries, minus exits.

..Not known.

^aExcludes adults on parole who were also on probation: 25,414 on January 1, 2021 and 21,275 on December 31, 2021. See *Methodology*.

^bImputed counts differ from reported counts in jurisdictions where data were not available.

^cRates are based on community supervision counts as of December 31 of the reporting year and calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of U.S. residents age 18 or older for January 1 of the following year in each jurisdiction.

^dJanuary 1 and December 31 probation counts are estimates of individuals.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2021; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2022.

APPENDIX TABLE 6
Adults on probation, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Probation population, January 1, 2021 | Entries | | Exits | | Probation population, December 31, 2021 | Change, January 1, 2021–December 31, 2021 | | Number under probation per 100,000 adult U.S. residents, December 31, 2021 ^b |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---|---|---------|---|
| | | Reported | Imputed ^a | Reported | Imputed ^a | | Number | Percent | |
| U.S. total | 3,032,353 | 1,364,116 | 1,419,300 | 1,501,319 | 1,553,200 | 2,963,018 | -69,335 | -2.3% | 1,143 |
| Federal | 12,391 | 6,105 | 6,105 | 6,127 | 6,127 | 12,250 | -141 | -1.1% | 5 |
| State | 3,019,962 | 1,358,011 | 1,413,200 | 1,495,192 | 1,547,000 | 2,950,768 | -69,194 | -2.3% | 1,138 |
| Alabama | 42,576 | 14,413 | 14,413 | 13,946 | 13,946 | 42,885 | 309 | 0.7 | 1,116 |
| Alaska | 2,438 | 3,846 | 3,846 | 3,697 | 3,697 | 2,561 | 123 | 5.0 | 464 |
| Arizona | 72,946 | 16,702 | 16,702 | 20,091 | 20,091 | 69,557 | -3,389 | -4.6 | 1,191 |
| Arkansas | 39,772 | 12,601 | 12,601 | 10,680 | 10,680 | 41,778 | 2,006 | 5.0 | 1,787 |
| California | 183,334 | 80,607 | 80,607 | 101,918 | 101,918 | 157,372 | -25,962 | -14.2 | 514 |
| Colorado | 78,330 | 41,618 | 41,900 | 47,328 | 47,600 | 72,412 | -5,918 | -7.6 | 1,578 |
| Connecticut | 31,890 | 14,034 | 14,034 | 16,205 | 16,205 | 29,719 | -2,171 | -6.8 | 1,048 |
| Delaware | 10,150 | 5,429 | 5,429 | 6,048 | 6,048 | 9,531 | -619 | -6.1 | 1,210 |
| District of Columbia | 3,422 | 2,412 | 2,412 | 2,340 | 2,340 | 3,494 | 72 | 2.1 | 598 |
| Florida | 177,481 | 115,956 | 117,300 | 106,321 | 107,500 | 182,557 | 5,076 | 2.9 | 1,038 |
| Georgia ^c | 343,300 | 123,667 | 123,667 | 175,685 | 175,685 | 347,300 | 14,700 | 9.7 | 4,169 |
| Hawaii | 17,291 | 4,436 | 4,436 | 3,981 | 3,981 | 17,746 | 455 | 2.6 | 1,600 |
| Idaho | 26,686 | 10,276 | 11,300 | 10,240 | 11,200 | 26,783 | 97 | 0.4 | 1,921 |
| Illinois | 87,593 | 66,946 | 66,946 | 67,455 | 67,455 | 87,084 | -509 | -0.6 | 889 |
| Indiana | 98,201 | 78,913 | 78,913 | 78,880 | 78,880 | 98,234 | 33 | <0.05 | 1,888 |
| Iowa | 23,945 | 12,301 | 12,301 | 11,093 | 11,093 | 25,153 | 1,208 | 5.0 | 1,030 |
| Kansas | 13,711 | 15,213 | 15,213 | 13,147 | 13,147 | 14,002 | 291 | 2.1 | 630 |
| Kentucky | 55,539 | 16,052 | 21,000 | 16,697 | 21,600 | 54,894 | -645 | -1.2 | 1,577 |
| Louisiana | 27,898 | 11,437 | 11,437 | 13,029 | 13,029 | 26,306 | -1,592 | -5.7 | 738 |
| Maine | 5,953 | 1,861 | 1,861 | 2,574 | 2,574 | 5,303 | -650 | -10.9 | 480 |
| Maryland | 56,551 | 24,734 | 24,734 | 26,060 | 26,060 | 55,225 | -1,326 | -2.3 | 1,169 |
| Massachusetts | 34,624 | 36,812 | 36,812 | 32,785 | 32,785 | 38,651 | 4,027 | 11.6 | 696 |
| Michigan | 118,899 | 50,834 | 66,500 | 54,906 | 69,900 | 113,891 | -5,008 | -4.2 | 1,452 |
| Minnesota | 85,424 | 39,302 | 39,302 | 40,573 | 40,573 | 84,153 | -1,271 | -1.5 | 1,927 |
| Mississippi | 29,024 | 7,301 | 7,301 | 6,875 | 6,875 | 29,450 | 426 | 1.5 | 1,295 |
| Missouri | 38,549 | 20,823 | 20,800 | 21,787 | 21,800 | 37,585 | -964 | -2.5 | 784 |
| Montana | 9,571 | 3,901 | 3,901 | 4,002 | 4,002 | 9,470 | -101 | -1.1 | 1,106 |
| Nebraska | 11,454 | 11,756 | 11,756 | 9,747 | 9,747 | 11,756 | 302 | 2.6 | 802 |
| Nevada | 9,222 | .. | 4,300 | 4,579 | 4,579 | 8,927 | -295 | -3.2 | 362 |
| New Hampshire | 3,727 | 723 | 723 | 653 | 653 | 3,723 | -4 | -0.1 | 333 |
| New Jersey ^c | 112,500 | 21,140 | 21,140 | 28,747 | 28,747 | 122,400 | 9,900 | 8.8 | 1,687 |
| New Mexico | 11,647 | 4,487 | 4,500 | 5,554 | 5,600 | 10,635 | -1,012 | -8.7 | 648 |

Continued on next page

APPENDIX TABLE 6 (continued)
Adults on probation, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Probation population, January 1, 2021 | Entries | | Exits | | Probation population, December 31, 2021 | Change, January 1, 2021–December 31, 2021 | | Number under probation per 100,000 adult U.S. residents, December 31, 2021 ^b |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|----------------------|---|---|---------|---|
| | | Reported | Imputed ^a | Reported | Imputed ^a | | Number | Percent | |
| New York | 79,295 | 13,098 | 13,098 | 23,032 | 23,032 | 69,361 | -9,934 | -12.5 | 453 |
| North Carolina | 63,357 | 34,273 | 34,273 | 42,103 | 42,103 | 60,629 | -2,728 | -4.3 | 726 |
| North Dakota | 5,845 | 3,815 | 3,815 | 3,649 | 3,649 | 6,011 | 166 | 2.8 | 1,029 |
| Ohio | 200,090 | 91,891 | 106,100 | 94,984 | 108,200 | 195,128 | -4,962 | -2.5 | 2,137 |
| Oklahoma | 23,027 | 4,872 | 4,872 | 10,654 | 10,654 | 17,245 | -5,782 | -25.1 | 567 |
| Oregon | 31,222 | 17,358 | 17,358 | 10,083 | 10,083 | 29,818 | -1,404 | -4.5 | 878 |
| Pennsylvania | 112,440 | 51,374 | 51,374 | 68,082 | 68,082 | 95,732 | -16,708 | -14.9 | 942 |
| Rhode Island | 18,312 | 3,842 | 3,842 | 3,875 | 3,875 | 18,375 | 63 | 0.3 | 2,147 |
| South Carolina | 26,076 | 10,689 | 10,689 | 11,988 | 11,988 | 24,777 | -1,299 | -5.0 | 600 |
| South Dakota | 5,858 | 2,890 | 2,890 | 3,064 | 3,064 | 5,684 | -174 | -3.0 | 840 |
| Tennessee | 57,593 | 14,638 | 14,638 | 16,329 | 16,329 | 55,927 | -1,666 | -2.9 | 1,035 |
| Texas | 334,092 | 179,882 | 179,882 | 169,513 | 169,513 | 344,461 | 10,369 | 3.1 | 1,559 |
| Utah | 10,195 | 4,991 | 4,991 | 4,865 | 4,865 | 10,321 | 126 | 1.2 | 440 |
| Vermont | 3,012 | .. | 1,700 | .. | 2,000 | 2,684 | -328 | -10.9 | 526 |
| Virginia | 64,280 | 24,941 | 24,941 | 27,763 | 27,763 | 61,458 | -2,822 | -4.4 | 912 |
| Washington | 71,681 | 17,933 | 29,700 | 22,681 | 36,900 | 62,946 | -8,735 | -12.2 | 1,038 |
| West Virginia | 6,243 | 5,167 | 5,167 | 5,204 | 5,204 | 6,207 | -36 | -0.6 | 435 |
| Wisconsin | 38,385 | 3,657 | 3,657 | 17,236 | 17,236 | 38,419 | 34 | 0.1 | 838 |
| Wyoming | 5,352 | 2,167 | 2,167 | 2,464 | 2,464 | 5,055 | -297 | -5.5 | 1,121 |

Note: Due to nonresponse or incomplete data, the probation population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2021 does not equal the population on January 1, 2021 plus entries, minus exits. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data.

..Not known.

^aImputed counts differ from reported counts in jurisdictions where data were not available. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

^bRates are based on probation counts as of December 31 of the reporting year and calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of U.S. residents age 18 or older for January 1 of the following year in each jurisdiction.

^cJanuary 1 and December 31 probation counts are estimates of individuals.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2021; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2022.

APPENDIX TABLE 7

Adults exiting probation, by type of exit and jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Total reported | Completion | Incarcerated | | | | Unsatisfactory reason other than incarceration | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | With new sentence | Under current sentence | To receive treatment | Other/ unknown | Absconder | Discharged to warrant/detainer | Other unsatisfactory ^a | Death | Other ^b | Unknown/not reported |
| U.S. total | 1,501,320 | 654,410 | 51,010 | 73,310 | 1,890 | 26,170 | 42,970 | 9,520 | 36,270 | 19,470 | 118,370 | 467,930 |
| Federal | 6,130 | 5,040 | 0 | 590 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 0 | 350 |
| State | 1,495,190 | 649,370 | 51,010 | 72,730 | 1,890 | 26,170 | 42,970 | 9,520 | 36,220 | 19,370 | 118,370 | 467,580 |
| Alabama ^c | 13,950 | 9,670 | 1,400 | 440 | .. | .. | 50 | 100 | 20 | 490 | 1,780 | 0 |
| Alaska ^c | 3,700 | 750 | 1,750 | 1,040 | .. | .. | 610 | .. | .. | 30 | .. | .. |
| Arizona | 20,090 | 15,080 | .. | 3,210 | .. | 1,120 | .. | .. | .. | 600 | 80 | 0 |
| Arkansas ^c | 10,680 | 6,750 | 740 | 2,360 | 390 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 370 | 70 | 0 |
| California ^c | 101,920 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 101,920 |
| Colorado ^c | 47,330 | 28,840 | 160 | 540 | 0 | 4,430 | 7,130 | 0 | 210 | 510 | 4,570 | 940 |
| Connecticut ^c | 16,210 | 11,600 | 280 | 530 | .. | .. | 310 | 3,070 | .. | .. | 410 | 0 |
| Delaware | 6,050 | 4,460 | 160 | 430 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 510 | 120 | 360 | 0 |
| District of Columbia ^c | 2,340 | 1,260 | 80 | 70 | .. | 140 | 0 | 0 | 640 | 60 | 60 | 20 |
| Florida ^c | 106,320 | 65,720 | 10,630 | 12,680 | 10 | 530 | 180 | 1,960 | 2,960 | 1,440 | 3,590 | 6,610 |
| Georgia ^c | 175,690 | 33,820 | 2,700 | 1,050 | .. | 0 | 1,540 | .. | .. | 980 | .. | 135,590 |
| Hawaii | 3,980 | 2,840 | 160 | 470 | 0 | 420 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 80 | 10 | 0 |
| Idaho ^c | 10,240 | 3,190 | 870 | 820 | 210 | 90 | .. | .. | .. | 120 | .. | 4,940 |
| Illinois ^c | 67,460 | 38,180 | .. | .. | .. | 320 | 4,610 | .. | 5,550 | .. | 10,520 | 8,280 |
| Indiana ^c | 78,880 | 45,800 | 8,280 | 7,760 | .. | .. | 8,940 | .. | .. | .. | 8,090 | 0 |
| Iowa | 11,090 | 7,970 | 990 | 200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,760 | 160 | 10 | 0 |
| Kansas ^c | 13,150 | 9,650 | .. | 1,740 | .. | .. | 1,760 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 0 |
| Kentucky ^c | 16,700 | 10,660 | 900 | 2,660 | 0 | 10 | 1,770 | 0 | 10 | 610 | 70 | 0 |
| Louisiana ^c | 13,030 | 8,110 | 1,170 | 1,720 | .. | 0 | .. | .. | 1,780 | 240 | 20 | 0 |
| Maine ^c | 2,570 | 2,170 | .. | .. | .. | 340 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 26,060 | 15,290 | 1,850 | 1,110 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4,300 | 610 | 30 | 2,870 |
| Massachusetts | 32,790 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 32,790 |
| Michigan ^c | 54,910 | 31,230 | 630 | 1,240 | 60 | 0 | 20 | 120 | 760 | 480 | 80 | 20,280 |
| Minnesota | 40,570 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 40,570 |
| Mississippi | 6,880 | 4,080 | 590 | 1,310 | .. | 330 | .. | .. | .. | 70 | 470 | 20 |
| Missouri | 21,790 | 12,380 | 680 | 1,940 | 490 | 10 | 5,760 | 0 | 0 | 530 | 0 | 0 |
| Montana ^c | 4,000 | 1,940 | 280 | 480 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 1,200 |
| Nebraska ^c | 9,750 | 6,840 | 1,740 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 920 | 80 | 170 | 0 |
| Nevada ^c | 4,580 | 3,380 | 1,130 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 70 | .. | 0 |
| New Hampshire ^c | 650 | 250 | 110 | 90 | 60 | 0 | 60 | 40 | 0 | 20 | 30 | 0 |
| New Jersey ^c | 28,750 | 19,520 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 30 | .. | .. | 2,830 | .. | 6,380 |
| New Mexico | 5,550 | 5,020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .. | 30 | 10 | .. | 90 | 0 | 410 |

Continued on next page

APPENDIX TABLE 7 (continued)

Adults exiting probation, by type of exit and jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Total reported | Completion | Incarcerated | | | | Unsatisfactory reason other than incarceration | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | With new sentence | Under current sentence | To receive treatment | Other/ unknown | Absconder | Discharged to warrant/detainer | Other unsatisfactory ^a | Death | Other ^b | Unknown/not reported |
| New York | 23,030 | 15,900 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 430 | .. | 6,700 |
| North Carolina ^c | 42,100 | 16,240 | 2,410 | 3,280 | .. | .. | 5,200 | .. | 8,750 | 960 | 5,270 | 0 |
| North Dakota ^c | 3,650 | 2,090 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 310 | 60 | 1,190 | 0 |
| Ohio ^c | 94,980 | 43,690 | 2,810 | 5,000 | 670 | 880 | 4,150 | 3,200 | 4,620 | 1,230 | 1,980 | 26,760 |
| Oklahoma ^c | 10,650 | 9,290 | 410 | 500 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 30 | 70 | .. | 360 |
| Oregon | 10,080 | 5,610 | 390 | 2,000 | 0 | 0 | 160 | 0 | 110 | 170 | 1,650 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania ^c | 68,080 | 1,900 | 190 | 260 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 490 | 100 | 0 | 65,110 |
| Rhode Island ^c | 3,880 | 3,690 | 10 | 0 | .. | 30 | .. | .. | 20 | 120 | .. | 10 |
| South Carolina | 11,990 | 9,860 | 270 | 1,450 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 380 | 40 | 0 |
| South Dakota ^c | 3,060 | 2,200 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 870 | .. | .. | 0 |
| Tennessee ^c | 16,330 | 11,160 | 1,670 | 2,250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 900 | 0 | 340 |
| Texas ^c | 169,510 | 66,610 | .. | 12,400 | .. | 12,320 | .. | .. | 20 | 2,420 | 75,750 | 0 |
| Utah | 4,870 | 2,130 | 350 | 280 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 0 | 1,030 | 90 | 920 | 0 |
| Vermont | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Virginia ^c | 27,760 | 21,660 | 4,620 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1,060 | 420 | 0 |
| Washington ^c | 22,680 | 13,920 | 320 | 530 | 0 | 10 | 470 | 990 | 450 | 190 | 0 | 5,800 |
| West Virginia ^c | 5,200 | 1,480 | 150 | 400 | .. | 2,110 | 50 | .. | 60 | 130 | 670 | 150 |
| Wisconsin | 17,240 | 13,810 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 270 | 60 | 0 |
| Wyoming | 2,460 | 1,690 | 140 | 470 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 40 | 50 | 0 | 0 |

Note: Based on reported data only. Details may sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 6 for imputed exits from probation. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data.

..Not known.

^aIncludes adults on probation who were discharged from supervision when they did not complete the conditions of probation or fulfill obligations.

^bIncludes 14,262 adults on probation who transferred to another jurisdiction and 104,107 who exited supervision for other reasons, including administrative closure; appeal; deportation; discharge from pretrial supervision; dismissed cases; duplicate numbers; expired cases; transfer to non-reporting probation; and discharges that could not be reported, classified, or tracked by agencies.

^cSome or all data were estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 8

Adults on probation, by sex and race or ethnicity, 2011–2021

| Year | Probation population, December 31 | Sex | | | Race/ethnicity | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------|----------------------|----------------|---------|----------|--------------------------------|--------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | Male | Female | Unknown/not reported | White* | Black* | Hispanic | American Indian/Alaska Native* | Asian* | Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander* | Two or more races* | Unknown/not reported |
| 2011 | 3,973,800 | 2,122,600 | 716,900 | 1,134,300 | 1,398,300 | 808,300 | 332,900 | 25,400 | 23,500 | 8,100 | 11,800 | 1,356,300 |
| 2012 | 3,944,900 | 2,185,900 | 705,800 | 1,053,300 | 1,415,000 | 794,800 | 330,000 | 26,700 | 25,300 | 8,300 | 11,000 | 1,317,200 |
| 2013 | 3,912,900 | 2,102,600 | 685,300 | 1,125,000 | 1,328,600 | 736,500 | 335,200 | 26,500 | 24,400 | 8,300 | 10,300 | 1,426,800 |
| 2014 | 3,868,400 | 2,209,600 | 730,600 | 928,200 | 1,431,300 | 809,600 | 348,000 | 26,500 | 25,100 | 7,900 | 9,000 | 1,194,200 |
| 2015 | 3,789,800 | 2,106,300 | 708,400 | 975,100 | 1,440,300 | 780,500 | 334,400 | 28,700 | 25,000 | 7,600 | 10,600 | 1,146,700 |
| 2016 | 3,673,100 | 1,990,700 | 677,500 | 1,004,900 | 1,368,900 | 689,400 | 339,500 | 27,900 | 24,400 | 7,600 | 10,600 | 1,204,800 |
| 2017 | 3,647,200 | 2,041,000 | 700,900 | 905,300 | 1,393,300 | 751,700 | 316,300 | 27,000 | 25,200 | 7,300 | 10,700 | 1,115,700 |
| 2018 | 3,540,000 | 2,013,300 | 689,000 | 837,700 | 1,362,300 | 747,100 | 316,500 | 28,000 | 24,900 | 7,600 | 11,300 | 1,042,800 |
| 2019 | 3,492,900 | 1,934,900 | 655,900 | 902,100 | 1,325,200 | 739,600 | 308,400 | 27,800 | 24,000 | 7,400 | 11,500 | 1,049,000 |
| 2020 | 3,053,700 | 1,719,400 | 566,600 | 767,700 | 1,110,200 | 618,100 | 261,400 | 26,000 | 20,400 | 6,700 | 10,700 | 1,000,300 |
| 2021 | 2,963,000 | 1,680,900 | 538,000 | 744,200 | 1,129,800 | 603,100 | 272,400 | 25,100 | 19,700 | 6,400 | 11,800 | 894,700 |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Estimates are based on the most recent data and may differ from previously published statistics. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time. See *Methodology*.

*Excludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., “white” refers to non-Hispanic white persons and “black” refers to non-Hispanic black persons).

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2011–2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 9

Select characteristics of adults on probation, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Probation population, December 31, 2021 | Sex | | | Race/ethnicity | | | | Unknown/not reported |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------|---------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | Male | Female | Unknown/not reported | White ^a | Black ^a | Hispanic | Other ^{a,b} | |
| U.S. total | 2,963,020 | 1,680,850 | 537,960 | 744,210 | 1,129,830 | 603,090 | 272,370 | 63,100 | 894,660 |
| Federal | 12,250 | 7,650 | 4,400 | 200 | 4,730 | 3,060 | 3,000 | 740 | 720 |
| State | 2,950,770 | 1,673,200 | 533,560 | 744,000 | 1,125,100 | 600,030 | 269,370 | 62,360 | 893,930 |
| Alabama ^c | 42,890 | 31,700 | 11,160 | 30 | 19,750 | 22,140 | 780 | 140 | 80 |
| Alaska ^c | 2,560 | 2,110 | 450 | 0 | 1,280 | 200 | 80 | 950 | 50 |
| Arizona | 69,560 | 55,520 | 14,040 | 0 | 32,980 | 8,730 | 21,980 | 4,790 | 1,090 |
| Arkansas ^c | 41,780 | 28,680 | 13,100 | 0 | 29,060 | 10,430 | 1,780 | 510 | 0 |
| California | 157,370 | .. | .. | 157,370 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 157,370 |
| Colorado ^c | 72,410 | 52,360 | 18,830 | 1,220 | 54,960 | 6,460 | 7,450 | 1,430 | 2,110 |
| Connecticut | 29,720 | 23,710 | 6,010 | 0 | 17,580 | 9,040 | 1,900 | 420 | 780 |
| Delaware | 9,530 | 7,650 | 1,880 | 0 | 4,420 | 4,520 | 550 | 50 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 3,490 | 3,040 | 460 | 0 | 190 | 3,030 | 200 | 10 | 60 |
| Florida ^c | 182,560 | 122,200 | 37,870 | 22,500 | 81,860 | 46,500 | 26,730 | 1,430 | 26,030 |
| Georgia ^c | 347,300 | 123,700 | 32,630 | 190,920 | 74,520 | 76,910 | 3,580 | 820 | 191,430 |
| Hawaii | 17,750 | 13,910 | 3,730 | 100 | 4,460 | 820 | 360 | 8,690 | 3,420 |
| Idaho ^c | 26,780 | 14,420 | 6,000 | 6,360 | 11,010 | 380 | 1,850 | 590 | 12,950 |
| Illinois ^c | 87,080 | .. | .. | 87,080 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 87,080 |
| Indiana ^c | 98,230 | .. | .. | 98,230 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 98,230 |
| Iowa | 25,150 | 18,560 | 6,600 | 0 | 16,930 | 5,070 | 2,220 | 740 | 190 |
| Kansas | 14,000 | .. | .. | 14,000 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 14,000 |
| Kentucky ^c | 54,890 | 33,430 | 16,560 | 4,900 | 39,210 | 9,280 | 690 | 630 | 5,090 |
| Louisiana | 26,310 | 19,730 | 6,570 | 0 | 13,060 | 12,940 | 180 | 110 | 10 |
| Maine ^c | 5,300 | 4,340 | 960 | 0 | 4,560 | 380 | .. | 180 | 180 |
| Maryland | 55,230 | 45,980 | 9,180 | 70 | 24,370 | 28,630 | .. | 620 | 1,600 |
| Massachusetts ^c | 38,650 | 31,080 | 7,500 | 80 | 25,160 | 7,030 | .. | 1,430 | 5,030 |
| Michigan ^c | 113,890 | 55,630 | 18,970 | 39,290 | 26,510 | 22,570 | 1,470 | 890 | 62,450 |
| Minnesota | 84,150 | 63,480 | 20,670 | 0 | 53,020 | 15,100 | .. | 16,030 | 0 |
| Mississippi | 29,450 | 22,940 | 6,510 | 0 | 13,300 | 15,550 | 350 | 130 | 130 |
| Missouri ^c | 37,590 | 26,590 | 10,970 | 30 | 29,650 | 6,740 | 780 | 250 | 170 |
| Montana ^c | 9,470 | 6,830 | 2,450 | 190 | 6,800 | 240 | 260 | 1,430 | 740 |
| Nebraska | 11,760 | 8,510 | 3,240 | 0 | 7,620 | 1,590 | 1,850 | 700 | 0 |
| Nevada | 8,930 | .. | .. | 8,930 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8,930 |
| New Hampshire ^c | 3,720 | 2,800 | 930 | 0 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 3,720 |
| New Jersey ^c | 122,400 | 95,210 | 25,550 | 1,680 | 41,580 | 59,740 | 11,660 | 910 | 8,530 |
| New Mexico ^c | 10,640 | 6,390 | 2,020 | 2,230 | 2,520 | 370 | 4,500 | 790 | 2,450 |
| New York | 69,360 | 54,510 | 14,120 | 740 | 29,280 | 20,640 | 15,100 | 1,420 | 2,920 |
| North Carolina ^c | 60,630 | 44,450 | 16,180 | 0 | 31,290 | 24,570 | 2,840 | 1,450 | 490 |
| North Dakota ^c | 6,010 | 4,420 | 1,590 | 0 | 3,950 | 620 | 240 | 1,200 | 0 |
| Ohio ^c | 195,130 | 87,770 | 34,100 | 73,260 | 54,430 | 28,530 | 2,880 | 960 | 108,330 |
| Oklahoma ^c | 17,250 | 11,870 | 3,490 | 1,890 | 7,460 | 2,700 | 1,320 | 1,520 | 4,250 |
| Oregon | 29,820 | 23,530 | 6,280 | 0 | 22,920 | 1,870 | 3,960 | 890 | 180 |
| Pennsylvania | 95,730 | 72,000 | 23,730 | 0 | 62,750 | 2,610 | 400 | 30 | 29,950 |
| Rhode Island ^c | 18,380 | 15,710 | 2,650 | 20 | 9,040 | 4,010 | 4,220 | 350 | 750 |
| South Carolina | 24,780 | 19,210 | 5,570 | 0 | 13,400 | 10,820 | 410 | 90 | 60 |
| South Dakota ^c | 5,680 | .. | .. | 5,680 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 5,680 |
| Tennessee ^c | 55,930 | 41,650 | 14,280 | 0 | 35,460 | 18,190 | 1,900 | 370 | 10 |
| Texas | 344,460 | 257,170 | 87,040 | 250 | 123,840 | 74,740 | 140,140 | 4,240 | 1,500 |
| Utah | 10,320 | 7,910 | 2,420 | 0 | 6,320 | 580 | 1,330 | 710 | 1,380 |
| Vermont | 2,680 | 2,100 | 570 | 10 | 2,460 | 140 | .. | 30 | 60 |

Continued on next page

APPENDIX TABLE 9 (continued)**Select characteristics of adults on probation, by jurisdiction, 2021**

| Jurisdiction | Probation population, December 31, 2021 | Sex | | | Race/ethnicity | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--------|--------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | Male | Female | Unknown/not reported | White ^a | Black ^a | Hispanic | Other ^{a,b} | Unknown/not reported |
| Virginia | 61,460 | 46,540 | 14,860 | 50 | 34,880 | 24,920 | 1,200 | 280 | 170 |
| Washington ^c | 62,950 | 27,220 | 8,860 | 26,860 | 13,710 | 2,130 | 1,730 | 1,470 | 43,900 |
| West Virginia ^c | 6,210 | 4,470 | 1,730 | 10 | 5,550 | 540 | 70 | 60 | .. |
| Wisconsin | 38,420 | 28,670 | 9,750 | 0 | 27,990 | 7,840 | .. | 2,340 | 250 |
| Wyoming | 5,060 | 3,510 | 1,530 | 10 | 4,020 | 190 | 440 | 270 | 130 |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

..Not known.

^aExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., “white” refers to non-Hispanic white persons and “black” refers to non-Hispanic black persons).

^bIncludes American Indians or Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians or Other Pacific Islanders, and persons of two or more races.

^cSome or all data are estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 10
Adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Parole population, January 1, 2021 | Entries | | Exits | | Parole population, December 31, 2021 | Change, January 1, 2021– December 31, 2021 | | Number on parole per 100,000 adult U.S. residents, December 31, 2021 ^b |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|----------------------|---|---|---------|--|
| | | Reported | Imputed ^a | Reported | Imputed ^a | | Number | Percent | |
| U.S. total | 864,229 | 330,074 | 357,000 | 372,569 | 410,200 | 803,222 | -61,007 | -7.1% | 310 |
| Federal | 108,039 | 43,819 | 43,819 | 49,185 | 49,185 | 104,462 | -3,577 | -3.3% | 40 |
| State | 756,190 | 286,255 | 313,200 | 323,384 | 361,100 | 698,760 | -57,430 | -7.6% | 270 |
| Alabama | 8,159 | 4,762 | 4,762 | 5,106 | 5,106 | 7,815 | -344 | -4.2 | 199 |
| Alaska | 1,003 | .. | 300 | .. | 500 | 865 | -138 | -13.8 | 156 |
| Arizona | 6,873 | 9,864 | 9,864 | 9,715 | 9,715 | 7,022 | 149 | 2.2 | 123 |
| Arkansas | 25,852 | 8,056 | 8,056 | 9,907 | 9,907 | 23,829 | -2,023 | -7.8 | 1,021 |
| California ^c | 119,595 | 23,959 | 50,100 | 23,959 | 60,600 | 109,082 | -10,513 | -8.8 | 358 |
| Colorado | 12,284 | 5,373 | 5,373 | 7,117 | 7,117 | 10,540 | -1,744 | -14.2 | 229 |
| Connecticut | 3,336 | 2,528 | 2,528 | 3,046 | 3,046 | 2,818 | -518 | -15.5 | 98 |
| Delaware | 373 | 126 | 126 | 155 | 155 | 344 | -29 | -7.8 | 43 |
| District of Columbia | 2,608 | 682 | 682 | 950 | 950 | 2,340 | -268 | -10.3 | 437 |
| Florida | 4,280 | 5,129 | 5,129 | 5,439 | 5,439 | 3,970 | -310 | -7.2 | 23 |
| Georgia | 19,509 | 6,811 | 6,811 | 9,258 | 9,258 | 17,062 | -2,447 | -12.5 | 205 |
| Hawaii | 1,440 | 1,153 | 1,153 | 680 | 680 | 1,396 | -44 | -3.1 | 123 |
| Idaho | 6,900 | 2,450 | 2,450 | 2,428 | 2,428 | 6,922 | 22 | 0.3 | 475 |
| Illinois | 25,103 | 14,357 | 14,357 | 17,460 | 17,460 | 22,000 | -3,103 | -12.4 | 223 |
| Indiana | 6,143 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 4,156 | 4,156 | 5,737 | -406 | -6.6 | 109 |
| Iowa | 7,213 | 2,700 | 2,700 | 3,502 | 3,502 | 6,411 | -802 | -11.1 | 260 |
| Kansas | 5,428 | 3,301 | 3,301 | 3,671 | 3,671 | 5,058 | -370 | -6.8 | 226 |
| Kentucky | 14,430 | 7,600 | 7,600 | 8,759 | 8,759 | 13,271 | -1,159 | -8.0 | 379 |
| Louisiana | 21,100 | 11,300 | 11,300 | 13,313 | 13,313 | 19,087 | -2,013 | -9.5 | 539 |
| Maine | 18 | .. | 0 | .. | 0 | 17 | -1 | -5.6 | 2 |
| Maryland | 9,490 | 2,719 | 2,719 | 3,408 | 3,408 | 8,801 | -689 | -7.3 | 183 |
| Massachusetts | 1,470 | 1,556 | 1,556 | 1,583 | 1,583 | 1,443 | -27 | -1.8 | 26 |
| Michigan | 13,461 | 6,198 | 6,198 | 8,308 | 8,308 | 11,351 | -2,110 | -15.7 | 143 |
| Minnesota | 7,359 | 3,910 | 3,910 | 4,290 | 4,290 | 6,979 | -380 | -5.2 | 159 |
| Mississippi | 10,510 | 5,579 | 5,579 | 5,116 | 5,116 | 10,973 | 463 | 4.4 | 485 |
| Missouri | 20,721 | 11,702 | 11,702 | 14,185 | 14,185 | 18,238 | -2,483 | -12.0 | 380 |
| Montana | 1,640 | 552 | 552 | 755 | 755 | 1,437 | -203 | -12.4 | 163 |
| Nebraska | 1,156 | 873 | 873 | 1,097 | 1,097 | 935 | -221 | -19.1 | 63 |
| Nevada | 4,990 | 3,421 | 3,421 | 3,545 | 3,545 | 4,866 | -124 | -2.5 | 197 |
| New Hampshire | 1,882 | 1,092 | 1,092 | 741 | 741 | 2,130 | 248 | 13.2 | 187 |
| New Jersey | 15,474 | 2,813 | 2,813 | 2,890 | 2,890 | 15,397 | -77 | -0.5 | 212 |
| New Mexico | 2,658 | 1,701 | 1,701 | 1,597 | 1,597 | 2,496 | -162 | -6.1 | 151 |

Continued on next page

APPENDIX TABLE 10 (continued)
Adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Probation population, January 1, 2021 | Entries | | Exits | | Probation population, December 31, 2021 | Change, January 1, 2021–December 31, 2021 | | Number under probation per 100,000 adult U.S. residents, December 31, 2021 ^b |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|----------------------|---|---|---------|---|
| | | Reported | Imputed ^a | Reported | Imputed ^a | | Number | Percent | |
| New York | 43,979 | 12,006 | 12,006 | 16,183 | 16,183 | 39,802 | -4,177 | -9.5 | 255 |
| North Carolina | 10,958 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 11,717 | 11,717 | 9,361 | -1,597 | -14.6 | 113 |
| North Dakota | 724 | 791 | 791 | 868 | 868 | 647 | -77 | -10.6 | 110 |
| Ohio | 22,769 | 10,772 | 10,772 | 10,857 | 10,857 | 22,684 | -85 | -0.4 | 247 |
| Oklahoma | 2,237 | 265 | 265 | 684 | 684 | 1,818 | -419 | -18.7 | 60 |
| Oregon | 23,585 | 5,874 | 5,874 | 6,931 | 6,931 | 22,528 | -1,057 | -4.5 | 663 |
| Pennsylvania | 88,263 | 27,413 | 27,413 | 35,034 | 35,034 | 80,642 | -7,621 | -8.6 | 783 |
| Rhode Island | 348 | 182 | 182 | 72 | 72 | 458 | 110 | 31.6 | 52 |
| South Carolina | 4,608 | 2,072 | 2,072 | 2,661 | 2,661 | 4,019 | -589 | -12.8 | 98 |
| South Dakota | 3,668 | 2,121 | 2,121 | 2,178 | 2,178 | 3,611 | -57 | -1.6 | 531 |
| Tennessee | 12,601 | 3,776 | 3,776 | 3,561 | 3,561 | 12,816 | 215 | 1.7 | 234 |
| Texas | 110,437 | 28,734 | 28,734 | 34,894 | 34,894 | 104,277 | -6,160 | -5.6 | 469 |
| Utah | 4,429 | 2,780 | 2,780 | 3,351 | 3,351 | 3,858 | -571 | -12.9 | 159 |
| Vermont | 907 | .. | 500 | .. | 500 | 829 | -78 | -8.6 | 156 |
| Virginia | 2,017 | 440 | 440 | 540 | 540 | 1,917 | -100 | -5.0 | 28 |
| Washington | 14,432 | 4,199 | 4,199 | 6,810 | 6,810 | 11,821 | -2,611 | -18.1 | 194 |
| West Virginia | 3,682 | 2,654 | 2,654 | 3,129 | 3,129 | 3,207 | -475 | -12.9 | 225 |
| Wisconsin ^d | 23,174 | 16,446 | 16,446 | 7,199 | 7,199 | 22,965 | -209 | -0.9 | 495 |
| Wyoming | 914 | 533 | 533 | 579 | 579 | 868 | -46 | -5.0 | 194 |

Note: Due to nonresponse or incomplete data, the parole population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2021 does not equal the population on January 1, 2021 plus entries, minus exits. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data.

..Not known.

^aImputed counts differ from reported counts in jurisdictions where data were not available. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

^bRates are based on parole counts as of December 31 of the reporting year and calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of U.S. residents age 18 or older for January 1 of the following year in each jurisdiction.

^cIncludes estimates of adults on post-release community supervision and mandatory supervision: 55,220 on January 1, 2021 and 55,220 on December 31, 2021.

^dData for parole entries and exits are subject to fluctuation. See *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2021* for details.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2021; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2022.

APPENDIX TABLE 11

Adults exiting parole, by type of exit and jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Total reported | Completion | Returned to incarceration | | | | Unsatisfactory exit other than returned to incarceration | | | Death | Other ^b | Unknown/not reported |
|----------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | With new sentence | With revocation | To receive treatment | Other/unknown | Absconder | Other unsatisfactory ^a | | | | |
| U.S. total | 372,569 | 205,821 | 18,983 | 54,572 | 1,061 | 8,828 | 5,980 | 3,111 | 8,925 | 7,158 | 58,040 | |
| Federal | 49,185 | 28,328 | 0 | 10,432 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 286 | 1,325 | 0 | 8,813 | |
| State | 323,384 | 177,493 | 18,983 | 44,140 | 1,061 | 8,828 | 5,979 | 2,825 | 7,600 | 7,158 | 49,227 | |
| Alabama ^c | 5,106 | 2,409 | 1,140 | 374 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | 201 | 982 | 0 | |
| Alaska | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | |
| Arizona ^c | 9,715 | 6,973 | 49 | 2,494 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 17 | 141 | 0 | 0 | |
| Arkansas ^c | 9,907 | 4,135 | 704 | 4,745 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 317 | 6 | 0 | |
| California ^c | 23,959 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 23,959 | |
| Colorado | 7,117 | 5,465 | 662 | 779 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 188 | 12 | 0 | |
| Connecticut ^c | 3,046 | 2,191 | 110 | 29 | 115 | 601 | 0 | ~ | .. | ~ | 0 | |
| Delaware ^c | 155 | 33 | 3 | 2 | .. | .. | .. | 1 | 8 | 108 | 0 | |
| District of Columbia | 950 | 505 | 66 | 93 | ~ | 66 | 2 | 60 | 34 | 124 | 0 | |
| Florida | 5,439 | 3,285 | 338 | 688 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 963 | 163 | |
| Georgia | 9,258 | 6,913 | 106 | 14 | ~ | 2,026 | 0 | 0 | 199 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hawaii ^c | 680 | ~ | ~ | 408 | ~ | ~ | 118 | ~ | 23 | 131 | 0 | |
| Idaho ^c | 2,428 | 805 | 747 | 185 | 1 | 90 | 265 | ~ | 61 | 274 | 0 | |
| Illinois ^c | 17,460 | 12,234 | 178 | 4,046 | ~ | ~ | 54 | ~ | 387 | 561 | 0 | |
| Indiana ^c | 4,156 | 2,611 | 239 | 674 | 0 | 0 | 541 | 0 | 49 | 42 | 0 | |
| Iowa | 3,502 | 1,809 | 758 | 567 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 300 | 68 | 0 | 0 | |
| Kansas | 3,671 | 2,604 | 137 | 458 | 0 | 2 | 266 | 0 | 59 | 145 | 0 | |
| Kentucky | 8,759 | 5,657 | 177 | 1,001 | 0 | 1 | 1,682 | 0 | 241 | 0 | 0 | |
| Louisiana ^c | 13,313 | 7,452 | 1,323 | 539 | ~ | 782 | .. | 843 | 325 | 2,049 | 0 | |
| Maine | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | |
| Maryland | 3,408 | 2,193 | 206 | 77 | .. | ~ | .. | 555 | 149 | 3 | 225 | |
| Massachusetts | 1,583 | 1,110 | 72 | 302 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 25 | 4 | 0 | |
| Michigan | 8,308 | 6,267 | 740 | 1,078 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 223 | 0 | 0 | |
| Minnesota ^c | 4,290 | 2,631 | 286 | 1,273 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | |
| Mississippi ^c | 5,116 | 2,904 | 416 | 1,180 | ~ | 441 | ~ | ~ | 68 | 107 | 0 | |
| Missouri | 14,185 | 6,071 | 1,019 | 2,451 | 550 | 1,360 | 1,457 | 0 | 427 | 0 | 850 | |
| Montana | 755 | 390 | 60 | 276 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | |
| Nebraska | 1,097 | 687 | 0 | 393 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 10 | 0 | |
| Nevada ^c | 3,545 | 3,103 | 346 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | 96 | ~ | 0 | |
| New Hampshire ^c | 741 | 40 | 258 | 42 | 128 | ~ | 110 | ~ | 15 | 58 | ~ | |
| New Jersey ^c | 2,890 | 1,673 | 60 | 819 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | 189 | 149 | 0 | |

Continued on next page

APPENDIX TABLE 11 (continued)

Adults exiting parole, by type of exit and jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Total reported | Completion | Returned to incarceration | | | | Unsatisfactory exit other than returned to incarceration | | | Unknown/not reported | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | | | With new sentence | With revocation | To receive treatment | Other/unknown | Absconder | Other unsatisfactory ^a | Death | | Other ^b |
| New Mexico | 1,597 | 617 | 26 | 882 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 0 | 0 |
| New York | 16,183 | 12,248 | 760 | 2,410 | 267 | 0 | ~ | ~ | 498 | ~ | 0 |
| North Carolina ^c | 11,717 | 8,223 | 696 | 900 | ~ | ~ | 1,309 | 93 | 170 | 326 | 0 |
| North Dakota ^c | 868 | 604 | .. | .. | .. | 232 | .. | ~ | 11 | 21 | 0 |
| Ohio | 10,857 | 6,546 | 1,701 | 2,610 | ~ | 0 | .. | .. | .. | ~ | 0 |
| Oklahoma ^c | 684 | 663 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | 12 | 9 | 0 |
| Oregon | 6,931 | 4,251 | 638 | 950 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 593 | 227 | 114 | 151 |
| Pennsylvania ^c | 35,034 | 5,347 | 1,913 | 2,927 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 204 | 529 | 547 | 23,567 |
| Rhode Island ^c | 72 | 50 | .. | 7 | ~ | ~ | .. | 7 | 7 | .. | 1 |
| South Carolina | 2,661 | 2,369 | 21 | 172 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 24 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 2,178 | 1,233 | 200 | 577 | ~ | 26 | 0 | ~ | 35 | 107 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 3,561 | 2,063 | 663 | 567 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 268 | 0 | 0 |
| Texas | 34,894 | 28,129 | 1,127 | 3,559 | ~ | 288 | ~ | ~ | 1,588 | 9 | 194 |
| Utah | 3,351 | 680 | 425 | 2,014 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 79 | 57 | 92 | 0 |
| Vermont | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Virginia | 540 | 411 | 96 | 24 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | .. | 1 |
| Washington ^c | 6,810 | 5,764 | 451 | 463 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | 132 | ~ | 0 |
| West Virginia | 3,129 | 1,787 | 37 | 992 | 0 | 0 | 106 | 0 | 45 | 162 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 7,199 | 3,926 | .. | .. | .. | 2,893 | .. | .. | 245 | 19 | 116 |
| Wyoming | 579 | 432 | 29 | 99 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 0 |

Note: Based on reported data only. See appendix table 10 for imputed exits from parole. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data.

..Not known.

~Not applicable.

^aIncludes persons discharged because they were released to special sentence. Also includes closure due to deportation, pending parole institutional hearing, other revocations, other unsuccessful discharges, and early terminations.

^bIncludes 1,769 adults on parole who were transferred to another state and 5,389 who exited for other reasons.

^cSome or all data are estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 12

Adults on parole, by sex and race or ethnicity, 2011–2021

| Year | Parole population, December 31 | Sex | | | Race/ethnicity | | | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|----------------|---------|----------|--------------------------------|--------|---|--------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| | | Male | Female | Unknown/ not reported | White* | Black* | Hispanic | American Indian/Alaska Native* | Asian* | Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander* | Two or more races* | Other* | Unknown/ not reported |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 855,500 | 685,200 | 87,900 | 82,300 | 323,300 | 305,300 | 138,100 | 8,500 | 5,600 | 1,500 | 200 | 4,500 | 68,500 |
| 2012 | 858,400 | 718,400 | 92,200 | 47,700 | 329,400 | 317,400 | 132,700 | 8,100 | 5,700 | 1,400 | 100 | 3,500 | 60,100 |
| 2013 | 849,500 | 700,800 | 98,300 | 50,400 | 336,400 | 303,000 | 129,900 | 9,000 | 6,000 | 700 | 200 | 4,300 | 59,900 |
| 2014 | 857,700 | 709,400 | 98,900 | 49,400 | 340,600 | 308,600 | 129,300 | 8,800 | 5,800 | 700 | 200 | 3,700 | 60,000 |
| 2015 | 870,500 | 720,200 | 103,100 | 47,200 | 353,800 | 309,400 | 131,100 | 9,600 | 6,100 | 500 | 200 | 4,100 | 55,700 |
| 2016 | 874,800 | 677,000 | 100,500 | 97,300 | 344,200 | 293,400 | 114,000 | 8,800 | 5,500 | 400 | 200 | 1,900 | 108,300 |
| 2017 | 875,000 | 720,900 | 105,500 | 48,600 | 359,200 | 302,200 | 133,900 | 9,600 | 5,800 | 600 | 300 | .. | 63,300 |
| 2018 | 878,000 | 672,700 | 101,100 | 104,100 | 346,500 | 283,700 | 113,800 | 9,600 | 5,400 | 500 | 300 | .. | 118,200 |
| 2019 | 878,900 | 647,500 | 97,200 | 134,100 | 329,800 | 276,900 | 109,600 | 9,200 | 5,100 | 400 | 300 | .. | 147,600 |
| 2020 | 862,100 | 629,900 | 87,700 | 144,500 | 285,900 | 245,000 | 108,100 | 10,100 | 4,600 | 500 | 900 | .. | 207,000 |
| 2021 | 803,200 | 656,200 | 85,600 | 61,400 | 309,400 | 228,900 | 103,200 | 10,000 | 4,600 | 500 | 600 | .. | 146,000 |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Estimates are based on the most recent data and may differ from previously published statistics. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time. See *Methodology*.

..Not available. Survey did not include an option for “other” beginning in 2017.

*Excludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., “white” refers to non-Hispanic white persons and “black” refers to non-Hispanic black persons).

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2011–2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 13

Select characteristics of adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2021

| Jurisdiction | Parole population, December 31, 2021 | Sex | | | Race/ethnicity | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|--------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | Male | Female | Unknown/not reported | White ^a | Black ^a | Hispanic | Other ^{a,b} | Unknown/not reported |
| U.S. total | 803,220 | 656,210 | 85,640 | 61,370 | 309,350 | 228,920 | 103,230 | 15,750 | 145,970 |
| Federal | 104,460 | 90,730 | 13,730 | <10 | 33,630 | 38,250 | 26,140 | 4,250 | 2,190 |
| State | 698,760 | 565,490 | 71,910 | 61,360 | 275,720 | 190,670 | 77,100 | 11,500 | 143,770 |
| Alabama ^c | 7,820 | 6,980 | 830 | <10 | 3,270 | 4,460 | 50 | 20 | 30 |
| Alaska ^c | 870 | .. | .. | 870 | .. | .. | .. | 0 | 870 |
| Arizona ^c | 7,020 | 6,040 | 980 | 0 | 3,090 | 900 | 2,430 | 480 | 130 |
| Arkansas ^c | 23,830 | 19,590 | 4,240 | 0 | 14,880 | 7,900 | 840 | 210 | 0 |
| California ^{c,d} | 109,080 | 49,970 | 3,870 | 55,240 | .. | .. | .. | 0 | 109,080 |
| Colorado | 10,540 | 9,110 | 1,430 | 0 | 5,230 | 1,520 | 3,240 | 530 | 20 |
| Connecticut ^c | 2,820 | 2,650 | 160 | 0 | 810 | 1,160 | 830 | 20 | 0 |
| Delaware | 340 | 320 | 20 | 0 | 140 | 200 | 10 | 0 | .. |
| District of Columbia | 2,340 | 2,260 | 80 | 0 | 30 | 2,220 | 70 | <10 | 20 |
| Florida | 3,970 | 3,760 | 210 | 0 | 1,500 | 2,050 | 410 | 20 | <10 |
| Georgia ^c | 17,060 | 15,070 | 2,000 | 0 | 6,910 | 9,120 | 940 | 80 | 10 |
| Hawaii ^c | 1,400 | 1,180 | 220 | 0 | .. | .. | .. | 0 | 1,400 |
| Idaho ^c | 6,920 | 5,840 | 1,090 | 0 | 5,180 | 230 | 1,130 | 230 | 150 |
| Illinois | 22,000 | 20,360 | 1,640 | <10 | 7,180 | 11,730 | 2,870 | 170 | 60 |
| Indiana ^c | 5,740 | 5,210 | 530 | 0 | 3,880 | 1,490 | 320 | 50 | <10 |
| Iowa | 6,410 | 5,570 | 840 | 0 | 4,480 | 1,210 | 590 | 80 | 60 |
| Kansas | 5,060 | 4,520 | 540 | 0 | 3,060 | 1,140 | 700 | 150 | <10 |
| Kentucky | 13,270 | 10,980 | 2,290 | 0 | 10,400 | 2,490 | 190 | 180 | 20 |
| Louisiana ^c | 19,090 | 17,490 | 1,600 | 0 | 7,020 | 11,980 | 50 | 40 | 0 |
| Maine ^c | 20 | .. | .. | 20 | .. | .. | .. | 0 | 20 |
| Maryland | 8,800 | 8,250 | 550 | <10 | 2,370 | 6,320 | .. | 40 | 70 |
| Massachusetts | 1,440 | 1,370 | 70 | 0 | 600 | 390 | 400 | <10 | 50 |
| Michigan | 11,350 | 10,580 | 780 | 0 | 5,480 | 5,000 | 280 | 580 | 30 |
| Minnesota | 6,980 | 6,440 | 540 | 0 | 3,900 | 1,900 | 440 | 740 | <10 |
| Mississippi ^c | 10,970 | 9,530 | 1,440 | 0 | 4,810 | 5,990 | 130 | 50 | <10 |
| Missouri | 18,240 | 15,200 | 3,040 | 0 | 13,350 | 4,370 | 390 | 110 | 20 |
| Montana | 1,440 | 1,240 | 190 | 0 | 1,110 | 40 | 40 | 260 | <10 |
| Nebraska | 940 | 830 | 100 | 0 | 530 | 230 | 130 | 50 | <10 |
| Nevada | 4,870 | .. | .. | 4,870 | .. | .. | .. | 0 | 4,870 |
| New Hampshire ^c | 2,130 | 1,580 | 300 | 250 | .. | .. | .. | 0 | 2,130 |
| New Jersey ^c | 15,400 | 14,890 | 510 | 0 | 3,560 | 4,070 | 4,430 | 190 | 3,140 |
| New Mexico ^c | 2,500 | 2,180 | 320 | 0 | 600 | 120 | 1,590 | 170 | 20 |
| New York | 39,800 | 37,760 | 2,040 | 0 | 8,640 | 17,030 | 12,800 | 700 | 630 |
| North Carolina ^c | 9,360 | 8,420 | 940 | 0 | 4,210 | 4,220 | 670 | 190 | 80 |
| North Dakota ^c | 650 | 480 | 170 | 0 | 430 | 70 | 30 | 130 | 0 |
| Ohio | 22,680 | 20,890 | 1,800 | 0 | 11,610 | 10,480 | 450 | 40 | 110 |
| Oklahoma | 1,820 | 320 | 1,500 | 0 | 800 | 600 | 250 | 160 | <10 |
| Oregon | 22,530 | 19,380 | 3,150 | 0 | 17,080 | 1,940 | 2,520 | 990 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 80,640 | 68,290 | 12,350 | 0 | 42,370 | 14,550 | 3,550 | 150 | 20,020 |
| Rhode Island ^c | 460 | 440 | 20 | 0 | 170 | 130 | 130 | 10 | 10 |
| South Carolina | 4,020 | 3,700 | 320 | 0 | 1,550 | 2,410 | 40 | <10 | 20 |
| South Dakota | 3,610 | 2,770 | 840 | 0 | 1,930 | 280 | 120 | 1,270 | <10 |
| Tennessee | 12,820 | 11,270 | 1,540 | 0 | 7,400 | 5,030 | 320 | 70 | 0 |
| Texas | 104,280 | 92,270 | 11,890 | 110 | 38,810 | 33,890 | 30,950 | 370 | 260 |
| Utah | 3,860 | 3,420 | 440 | 0 | 2,430 | 240 | 730 | 350 | 110 |
| Vermont | 830 | 690 | 130 | 0 | 780 | 40 | .. | <10 | <10 |

Continued on next page

APPENDIX TABLE 13 (continued)**Select characteristics of adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2021**

| Jurisdiction | Parole population, December 31, 2021 | Sex | | | Race/ethnicity | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | Male | Female | Unknown/not reported | White ^a | Black ^a | Hispanic | Other ^{a,b} | Unknown/not reported |
| Virginia ^c | 1,920 | 1,870 | 50 | 0 | 540 | 1,360 | <10 | 20 | 0 |
| Washington | 11,820 | 10,760 | 1,060 | <10 | 6,790 | 1,820 | 1,970 | 1150 | 90 |
| West Virginia | 3,210 | 2,500 | 710 | 0 | 2,670 | 280 | 10 | 30 | 220 |
| Wisconsin | 22,970 | 20,570 | 2,390 | 0 | 13,480 | 8,100 | .. | 1370 | 10 |
| Wyoming | 870 | 690 | 180 | <10 | 680 | 40 | 90 | 50 | 10 |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

..Not known.

^aExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., “white” refers to non-Hispanic white persons and “black” refers to non-Hispanic black persons).

^bIncludes American Indians or Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians or Other Pacific Islanders, and persons of two or more races.

^cSome or all data are estimates.

^dIncludes 55,216 adults on post-release community supervision and mandatory supervision on December 31, 2021.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2021.



The Bureau of Justice Statistics of the U.S. Department of Justice is the principal federal agency responsible for measuring crime, criminal victimization, criminal offenders, victims of crime, correlates of crime, and the operation of criminal and civil justice systems at the federal, state, tribal, and local levels. BJS collects, analyzes, and disseminates reliable statistics on crime and justice systems in the United States, supports improvements to state and local criminal justice information systems, and participates with national and international organizations to develop and recommend national standards for justice statistics. Alexis R. Piquero, PhD, is the director.

This report was written by Danielle Kaeble. Stephanie Mueller and Nicole Mack verified the report. RTI International is the data collection agent for the report. Susan Brumbaugh, Ashley Griggs, Erin Kennedy, Nicole Mack, Timothy Smith, and Ryan Weber led data collection and processing efforts for the report.

Maureen Stuart edited the report. Tina Dorsey produced the report.

February 2023, NCJ 305589



NCJ 305589

Office of Justice Programs
Building Solutions • Supporting Communities • Advancing Justice
www.ojp.gov